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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Four Americans killed and sixteen wounded in a fight with Filipinos on the island of Panay. —— Gen. Roberts praises his troops for driving the Boers out of a strong position with comparatively small loss. —— Insurgents in Colombia are getting the best of the fight. —— The Senate granted a pension of $50 a month to General Longstreet. —— A revolution is threatened in Bulgaria. —— Postoffice at Franklin, Va., robbed by burglars. —— N. C. Pine Association will reduce output of mills 33⅓ per cent. —— At Morriston, Fla., Julien Robinson, suddenly insane, shot and killed Arthur Lee and dangerously wounded two other men. —— The total loss of life by the explosion in the Utah coal mines is now placed at about 250. —— Bishop Andrews says that in the past hundred years the M. E. Church has developed ninety-seven fold. —— The weavers in the Elmira mills at Burlington, N. C., have struck for higher wages. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call easy at 1@2½ per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 9 13 16c; flour rather slow and somewhat easier because of the break in wheat; wheat—spot strong, No. 2 red 80½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 45½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 28c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1.60; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 3.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 67 degrees; 8 P. M., 72 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 63 degrees; mean, 72 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .24 inches.

Stage of water at 8 A. M. at Fayetteville 9.7 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Generally light and scattered showers occurred in all districts. The changes in temperature were slight.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—For North Carolina: Fair Friday; cooler near the coast. Saturday fair; fresh westerly winds.

Port Almanac---May 4.

Sun Rises	5.05 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.49 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 44 M.
High Water at Southport	12 00 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2.50 A. M.

Roosevelt says he would rather be in private life than be Vice President. The fact is he thinks a Vice Presidency entirely too small a thing for him to fool away his time with.

There are 3,700 Chinese in New England, and among them only 26 females. When Chinamen venture venture out into strange countries they generally leave their women at home.

Grosvenor has already settled the thing. He figures up 260 electoral votes for McKinley, 174 for Bryan and leaves 13 doubtful. But Hanna is shoving around the hat all the same.

Twenty-five steamers, carrying 6,000 passengers and 25,000 tons in freight, are booked to leave Seattle this month for Cape Nome, for which the gold chasers are now rushing.

Governor Pingree, of Michigan, has pulled out of the Republican party and declares that the only hope of the country is in the success of the Democratic party. The Republican party, he says, is hopelessly in the power of the trusts.

Two years ago Tuesday Dewey put the thing on that Spanish fleet in Manila Bay, and now we have 65,000 men there to shoot the fellows who are not so glad of it that they are willing to let the Americans take the place of the Spaniards as bosses.

If when that Canadian messenger boy who is carrying those sympathetic resolutions to the Filipinos arrives at Manila, General Otis should help him along and then let some other fellows sneak along behind him; they might grab Agi and wind this thing up.

Charlotte Elk Carnival.

Mr. John A. Tate, of Charlotte, representing the Charlotte Supply Company, arrived in the city last evening. Mr. Tate is an enthusiastic Elk and is incidentally doing some good work for the big Elk carnival which is to be held in his city, beginning May 21st and continuing for an entire week. It is to be a magnificent affair according to Mr. Tate's descriptions and many of the Wilmington "brethren" are arranging to be present. Mr. Tate last night "billed the town" in a limited way for the occasion.

In this connection it is well to state that the Wilmington Lodge of Elks is arranging for an elaborate banquet to be given on the night of the 15th, and upon this occasion the members will probably informally discuss the matter of having an Elk carnival here during the week of the Firemen's Inter-State Tournament.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The revenue cutter *Algonquin* proceeded at 1:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon for a trip south as far as Charleston.

— The river steamboat *Driver* was in port yesterday from Fayetteville and cleared in the afternoon with a very heavy freight.

— The local spirits of turpentine market opened again yesterday with quotations firm at 46½ and 47 cents. Tar advanced to $1.35 and there were receipts of 407 barrels.

— The National African M. E. Conference meets in Columbus, Ohio next week. Revs. W. H. Lepard and A. Stroud, of the Wilmington churches, left last night to attend the sessions.

— Zeb Vance Lodge No 140, Knights of the Mystic Chain has rented the Castle Hall of Germania Lodge No. 4, K. of P., to hold its semi monthly meetings every second and fourth Friday evenings.

— On account of the Spring Festival at Charleston, May 14-19th, the Atlantic Coast Line has announced a rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale from May 14th to 17th, inclusive, with final limit to May 21st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Ice cream.
The Worth Co.—Cement, lumber.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. I. Allen, of Dillon, S. C., is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. E. C. Clark, of Elizabethtown, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. F. P. Burgess, of Statesburg, S. C., is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. W. B. Singletary and Mr. Seth Smith, of Tar Heel, were passengers on the *Driver* yesterday.

— Mrs. Gaston Meares left last evening for an extended visit to friends in New Haven, Conn.

— Messrs. W. H. Anderson and W. W. Anderson, Jr., of Summerton, S. C., are registered at The Orton.

— Mr. S. F. Burbank, of Washington, N. C., who is in the government service at Fort Caswell, was here yesterday.

— Mr. George H. Smith and Mr. N. M. Tatum, of Winnie, N. C., were among the wholesale purchasers in the city yesterday.

— Col. Peter Mallet, of New York, is in the city, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Gabriel Holmes, No. 218 North Third street.

— Hon. George Rountree and Mrs. Rountree left yesterday morning for Chapel Hill. Mr. Rountree will deliver the annual address before the law class of the University to-night.

— Mrs. Whittaker, of Raleigh, is visiting Mrs. Gabriel Holmes on North Third street. She came to attend a meeting of the Society of Colonial Dames.

Katherine Kennedy Home.

Yesterday afternoon and last evening the Board of Managers were at the Katherine Kennedy Home for the purpose of receiving visitors and contributions to the maintenance of this worthy institution, which is, as its name implies, a veritable home for the aged and infirm women of the city who have not elsewhere to spend their declining years. Many people interested in the cause called during the hours prescribed by the managers, and several handsome contributions were received. Last evening the anniversary exercises were held, which were of a devotional nature and very impressive. There was good attendance and the results cannot be otherwise than beneficial not only to the inmates of the Home, but to those charitably inclined persons who kindly lent their presence and gave contributions to the worthy benefit.

Candidates Left Yesterday.

Hon. C. B. Aycock and the other members of the State Democractic ticket, who spoke to the people of this section at the Opera House Wednesday evening, left yesterday afternoon at 2.25 o'clock for Newbern.

Yesterday morning the party was taken to Wrightsville beach on a special train over the Seacoast road and entertained at the cottage of Mr. G. Herbert Smith. They, also, were treated to an oyster roast at Stokeley's and were given a complimentary sail on the Bank's channel in one of the yachts at the beach. The train returned to the city, arriving at 1 o'clock in the afternoon and after dining at The Orton the distinguished visitors departed for Newbern as stated. A large number of citizens accompanied them to the beach and sound.

Executive Committee Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Interdenominational Sunday School Conference this evening at 8 o'clock in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association to arrange a programme for the next meeting of the conference. Each member is urged to be present. By being prompt, the session will not last longer than three quarters of an hour.

Henry Elwell & Co., 310 Washington street, New York, sold Green Peas for Mr. Oscar Pearsall on Wednesday at $2.50 a bushel basket. Such prices must be encouraging to truckers. This firm kindly reports to us the New York Produce Market every day by wire. †

IMPORTANT MEETING

Wilmington Chamber of Commerce in Regular Monthly Session Yesterday.

BIG VOLUME OF BUSINESS.

Mr M. W. Jacobi Elected President of the Body and Capt. T. D. Meares First Vice President—Reports of Several Committees.

An important meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, during the progress of which many matters of especial interest were disposed of. Probably the most important action was the election to the presidency of Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, vice Mr. W. E. Worth, who declined to serve, and the selection of Capt. T. D. Meares as first vice president to succeed Mr. Jacobi.

The meeting was called to order by Vice President Jacobi soon after 3 o'clock and there was a fair attendance of members. Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, the secretary, was at his desk as usual.

Reports of committees were called for and Mr. W. E. Springer, Dr. D. W. Bulluck, Mr. W. H. Sprunt, Mr. W. E. Worth and Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, presented resolutions commemmorative of the late Col. Roger Moore. A glowing tribute was paid to the efforts of Col. Moore in the upbuilding of the commercial interests of the city and to his value as a member of the organization. The resolutions upon motion of Capt. Donald MacRae were unanimously adopted.

Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, Col. Walker Taylor and Mr. R. W. Hicks, a committee appointed to wait upon Mr. W. E. Worth and to formally notify him of his re-election as president reported that their mission had been fulfilled and that they regretted to inform the Chamber that he would be unable to accept the office of president, owing to his many other duties and want of time to give it proper attention. In concluding the report as above the committee says: "We feel that the Chamber appreciates the valuable services rendered and regret that Mr. Worth cannot serve us for another term."

Later in the meeting, Mr. R. M. Wescott in a very complimentary speech referring to his enthusiasm for the welfare of the city, etc., placed in nomination for the presidency Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi. The secretary was instructed by the meeting to cast a unanimous vote for the election of Mr. Jacobi, who in a few pleasing remarks thanked the Chamber for the honor conferred and expressed a hope that he would so conduct the office as to deserve the very handsome compliment bestowed. He pledged that he would work persistently for the welfare of the city, which had bright prospects for the future, and expressed a desire for the hearty co-operation of citizens in the work of advancement. Mr. Jacobi was warmly applauded upon the conclusion of his address of thanks to the Chamber.

Nominations were then declared in order for the first vice presidency, which office became vacant in the election of Mr. Jacobi as president. Mr. Sam Bear, Jr., nominated Mr. W. H. Sprunt, who was present, and declined to serve on account of a press of business engagements during the cotton season especially. Mr. J. Allen Taylor nominated Capt. T. D. Meares and he was elected by acclamation.

The committee, consisting of Messrs. M. S. Willard and J. Allen Taylor, which had under consideration a resolution relative to the production in court of the books of private corporations which resolution was referred to committee at a previous meeting, made a written report stating the declination of Eugene S. Martin, Esq., to serve upon the committee and reviewing at length the question, which grew out of the cases in the matter of the railroad tax assessment in hearing here before Judge James E. Shepherd, which question went before Judge Simonton and was decided in favor of the position taken by the Chamber. This decision it will be observed holds in substance that the officers of a private corporation which is not a party to a suit, cannot be forced to exhibit their books in court.

The committee called attention to a presumable inadvertency in the text of the original resolution which employs the words "private business of corporations," while ostensibly "business of private corporations" was intended.

In concluding, the report says:

A very clear distinction must be drawn between corporations organized for business, commerce or manufacturing and those which are of a *quasi* public nature in the contemplation of the law. The latter class of corporations differ from ordinary mercantile and industrial corporations in the fact that much of their value lies in their franchise. They are in fact monopolies for the reason that they occupy desirable positions in the highways and exercise functions so necessary that the public has no choice but to use them. The distinction is so apparent that it should need no argument to establish it. To a great extent the affairs of the latter class of corporations should be, in our opinion, the property of the public.

We hope the views we hold on this will be in accord with the views of your body.

Upon motion of Mr. D. L. Gore, the report was received and ordered on file.

Loud Bill Endorsed.

Capt. Donald MacRae, Mr. Sam Bear, Jr., and Mr. B. F. King, constituting the committee on postal, telegraph and express service, recommended the endorsement of the Loud bill now pending in Congress and which purports to correct abuses of the second class postal regulations. North Carolina Representatives and Senators were asked to support the bill. The report of the committee also favored a one cent letter rate in the event the Loud bill becomes a law and there is a saving sufficient to eliminate the creation of too large a deficit in postal earnings. The matter was taken up by the Chamber upon request of the Trades' Union of Philadelphia.

Capt. Meares favored an unqualified endorsement of a one-cent letter rate, regardless of the passage of the Loud bill and Mr. Taylor referred to the English postal system, from which a revenue was derived instead of a deficit created.

Upon motion of Mr. Worth the original recommendation was adopted.

The committee on securing the encampment of the State Guard at Wrightsville reported progess. Col. Macon, quartermaster general, is expected in the city soon to look over the situation.

The committee on securing a revenue cutter for service at this port; a through sleeping car service to Washington, and several other committees, were discharged with thanks both to the committees themselves and those with whom the committees interceded.

Philadelphia Museum Bill.

Mr. Worth made a motion to reconsider the Bingham bill appropriating $300,000 to the Philadelphia Museums, which was recently endorsed by the Chamber. Mr. Worth stated that he had heard that the enterprise was not a public one, but an individual institution conducted for pecuniary profit. If so, he did not favor it. Mr. Taylor seconded the motion and then a discussion arosed to parliamentary usage in the right to discuss the question upon motion to reconsider. A vote was called and Mr. Worth's motion prevailed.

Mr. C. E. Washburn, of the Richmond office of Dun's Mercantile Agency, was present at the meeting by invitation a d entered a protest against the recommendation of the bill. Mr. Washburn characterized the museums as a mercantile agency and as such he said it therefore, had no right to a public appropriation. It would put the institution in unjust competition with all other financial organizations of its kind and there were no reasons why other reputable organizations should be discriminated against. This feature of the museum's work, he said, was for pecuniary benefit, and his agency had indisputable proof to this effect. He read a form of contract that was being mailed to prospective subscribers in substantiation of his allegations. He also read extracts from the report of the Congressional committee which had the Bingham bill under advisement.

Letters from Mr. W. R. Wilson, a director of the Philadelphia Museum, and Mr. C. A. Green, assistant chief of the bureau of information, were submitted to controvert the contentions of R. G. Dun & Co., and a motion by Capt. T. D. Meares at length prevailed to refer the matter to a committee, which was named by the president as follows: Mr. W. E. Worth, Mr. Hugh MacRae and Col. W. A. Johnson. This committee was instructed to report at a special meeting to be held Monday, May 14th.

The Cullom Bill.

Just before adjournment Mr. Taylor introduced the following resolution in behalf of the committee to which was referred the Cullom bill, the provisions of which are familiar to STAR readers and which in substance amount to an enlargement of the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission:

WHEREAS, The decision of the U. S. Supreme Court have limited the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission to a judicial determination of facts relative to interstate freight and passenger rates; and whereas, The said decisions have operated to defeat the purposes sought to be accomplished through the Interstate Commerce Act; and whereas, Legislative power and the right to examine documents of public and *quasi*-public corporations and to require officers of such corporations to testify, are indispensably requisite and necessary to clothe the Interstate Commerce Commission with plenary powers in the premises;

"*Resolved*, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be and are hereby requested to employ every means to secure the passage of Senate bill Number 1439 or some other measure equally as effective in enlarging the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the way and manner indicated."

The resolutions, after some discussion, were adopted and at the suggestion of Mr. Taylor the secretary was instructed to forward a copy of same to each of North Carolina's representatives in the Congress of the United States and in conformity to a further suggestion the president appointed a committee, consisting of Mr. Taylor, Mr. G. J. Boney and Mr. R. M. Wescott, to notify each commercial organization in the State of the action of the Wilmington Chamber and ask concurrence in same.

The meeting then adjourned until Monday, the 14th inst.

Bound Over to Court.

The Greenville *Reflector* of Tuesday has the following to say of the case of the young man Cahoon, who was arrested here some time ago by Captain of Police Jno. J. Furlong:

J. W. A. Cahoon, who some time ago forged the name of some of the school committee near Bethel and was afterwards captured at Wilmington, was given a hearing this morning before Justice of the Peace W. H. Long. There were two warrants. One for obtaining goods under false pretence was postponed until next Thursday. The other for forgery was tried today, the evidence being sufficient to bind him over to the September term of Superior Court. He was recommitted to jail until the other case against him is investigated.

SMALLPOX PATIENT DISCOVERED.

Policeman Smith Apprehended a Negro With the Disease Yesterday.

Archie Parker, colored, of Tatum, S. C., was discovered by Policeman E. L. Smith yesterday about the A. C. L. yards with an eruption upon his face which very much resembled smallpox. He immediately communicated with headquarters by telephone and Lieut. Skipper ordered the negro's arrest. He was brought to the health office and subsequently confined to the City Hall yard, where Drs. W. D. McMillan and C. P. Wertenbaker examined the eruption and pronounced the case that of smallpox in a mild form.

The patient was immediately removed to the smallpox hospital and two fellow laborers of his on a freight train were vaccinated up the W. & W. railroad whither they had gone on the return trip aboard the train. The railroad people heartily co-operate with Dr. McMillan in telegraphing ahead to see that the "contacts" were properly vaccinated.

One story of the negro's case has it that he was confined in the pest house at Rocky Mount and made his escape here. However, he was promptly apprehended before he came in contact with many persons.

Wednesday night he slept in an empty box car on the A. C. L. tracks near the limits of the city.

MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

There Were a Number of Cases Before the Various Justices Yesterday.

George Washington, colored, was arraigned before Mayor pro-tem Springer yesterday morning charged with the larceny of a coat from John Bell, also colored, Bell discovered a few days ago that his coat had been stolen and subsequently he found his missing property on the person of Washington. The negro bearing the distinguished name maintained his innocence but could not establish the veracity of his statements and was sent to jail in default of bond for his appearance at Criminal Court.

The evidence in the case of John Murphy charged with bigamy was heard by Justice Fowler yesterday and a decision reserved in the matter until 10 o'clock this morning. Nellie Witherspoon, charged with larceny by W. R. Hall was also before Justice Fowler but the prosecutor failed to appear and he was taxed with the costs. Clarence Shepard, colored, was also brought before Justice Fowler for an affray yesterday morning at Wrightsville Sound. He will be tried to day.

The two stevedores who were brought before Justice McGowan Wednesday for pursuing their avocations without license were discharged, the prosecutors having agreed to pay costs and withdraw the prosecution.

Justice Bornemann also tried a number of cases yesterday, one of the defendants having been committed to jail for trial at Criminal Court on the charge of larceny.

NEW YORK TRUCK QUOTATIONS.

Storm and Heavy Charleston Receipts Depressed Strawberry Market.

[*Special Star Telegram.*

NEW YORK, May 3.—The storm and Charleston receipts during to-day have depressed the strawberry market and quotations range from ten to fifteen cents. "Middelton's" are bringing from eighteen to twenty cents per quart. Green peas are good sale at $2.50 per bushel basket. Cabbage are selling at $3 and lettuce at from $2 to $4 per barrel according to conditions in which received and quality. The asparagus market is dull owing to heavy native receipts.

J. & G. LIPPMAN,
Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants, 184 Reade street.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Strawberries are ten to sixteen cents with the market somewhat steadier. Peas are in good demand at from $2 to $3.50 per bushel basket. The cabbage market is easier and $3 per barrel is the best any stock will bring.

HENRY ELWELL & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants, 310 Washington street.

Daughters of Confederacy.

A special meeting of Cape Fear Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy was held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock for the purpose of considering further the matter of preparations for Memorial Day, May 10th. An outline of the programme to be observed on that occasion was published in these columns several days ago and yesterday afternoon discussion of the final details of the arrangement was principally indulged in.

At a meeting of Cape Fear Camp of Confederate Veterans on Monday night it is probable that marshals for the procession will be named, as this courtesy has been generously conferred by the Daughters of the Confederacy upon the veterans' organization.

Will Load Trolley Poles.

The American barque *St. Mary*, 680 tons, Capt. Goldthwait, arrived yesterday from Philadelphia and is consigned to J. T. Riley & Co. She will be loaded at the Carolina Central freight depot with trolley poles for a new electric car system which is in progress of construction in Brazil, South America. Mr. A. D. French, of Montclair, New Jersey, is here as a representative of the consignees and the material is being shipped from interior points via the Seaboard Air Line. The barque *Hampshire*, a vessel of over 900 tons, will also be here in a few days for a similar cargo.

STATE ELECTION BOARD.

Called Meeting to Consider Objections to Appointments for New Hanover County.

[*Special Star Telegram.*

RALEIGH, N. C., May 3.—The State Election Board held a called meeting at Yarborough to-night, but transacted no business. They were in session only a few minutes and adjourned to meet again to-morrow morning.

This meeting is called to consider and adjust, if possible, some objections that have been raised to the appointment of Mr. Martin Newman in place of Mr. Herbert Smith on the county election board for New Hanover. A number of people are here to night from Wilmington to be heard on the matter. Among them are Messrs. George L. Morton, Edgar Parmele, E. F. Johnson, B. F. King, Frank H. Stedman and E. S. Latrop.

Chairman Simmons met the interested parties at Rockingham last week and heard the contention of both sides. It was at his suggestiou that this meeting of electiou board was called.

The Republican State League met here at noon and appointed delegates to the National League, which meets in St. Paul July 17th, 1900. The delegates at large are Charles McNamee, W. S. Hyman, W. V. Hill and B. N. Duke, Jr. For Sixth District, Claude Dockery, J. D. Maultsby, W. S. Clanton and Fred Rice.

Second Regiment Band.

The Second Regiment Band in its efforts to become a concert organization and play classical music, will render its first public concert under Prof. Musto, a director of great ability, and they appeal to the public to assist them by coming out on Tuesday, May 8th.

DIED.

RICHARDS—At the residance of her husband, on Ninth between Dock and Orange streets, at 11.30 P. M., May 3rd, Mrs. LULA RICHARDS, wife of Mr. Ernest V. Richards, in the 36th year of her age.

Interment at Southport to-morrow (Saturday) on arrival of the morning boat from Wilmington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Photographic Specialties.

Best Photos at little more than half the usual price. Frames and Easels, and Painted Brooches and Buttons. Original Medallions and Celosun Panels. Copying and enlarging. Big pay to agents to take orders for enlarging. Come to see us for terms. The Ellis Photo and Enlarging Co., 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. U. C. ELLIS, Manager.
apr 22 tf

We Have This Day

Formed a Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the Tin and Sheet Metal Working business, under the firm name of Owen F. Love & Co., at No. 6 Princess street, just below the Atlantic National Bank, with every facility for prompt and efficient work. We solicit the patronage of the public.

Respectfully,
OWEN F. LOVE,
CHARLES CHILDS.
apr 20 tf

PRINTER WANTED.

A thoroughly competent newspaper compositor is wanted at the STAR office. Apply personally or by letter. Good recommendations required. STAR,
apr 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved
ma 1 tf

Notice to Truckers.

Certificate No. 1,700, dated April 23rd, 1900, by P. J. McEvily, Inspector of Weights and Measures, First District, City of New York, certifies that he has inspected the Berry Quart Cups manufactured by us and that the same are conformable to the standard of the State of New York.

The above mentioned certificate is on file in our office. Send your orders for Star Standard Berry Crates to

A. F. JOHNSON & SON,
Proprietors of Carolina Veneer Works,
apr 26 2w Clinton, N. C., April 27th, 1900.

We Are Alwavs Glad To Send Samples . . .

and prices of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Molasses, Snuff, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., &c., of which

We Carry a Stock of Great Variety. . . .

We are the sole handlers in this market of the Albion Patent and White Dove Flour.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers.
apr 14 tf

Groceries.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT
SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
204 and 206 North Water street.
feb 11 tf

BUILDERS' LIME.

200 Barrels Builders' Lime.
175 Packets Rice.
135 Cases Oysters.
10 Pails Fancy Mixed Candy.
10 Tubs Fancy Broken Candy.
135 Cases Lump Starch.
75 Cases Nickle Starch.
10 Cases Bon Ton Starch.
165 Cases Celluloid Starch.
20 Cases Fancy Cream Cheese.
125 Lbs. Ground Pepper, 6 lb Tins.
5 Lbs. 30 Pails Ground Pepper.

W. B. COOPER,
226 North Water street,
apr 20 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC TEMPLE, May 4th, 1900.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION this (Friday) evening at 8.00 o'clock, for work in E. A. Degree.
Visiting brethren welcome.
By order of W. M.
THOS. F. BAGLEY,
my 4 1t Secretary.

Hands Wanted.

Two hundred Knitting Mill Hands wanted at once at Excelsior Knitting Mills, Union, S. C. Work nice and easy. Healthy locality. Latest improved machinery. Experienced hands earn from $1.00 to $1.75 per day.
EXCELSIOR KNITTING MILLS,
J. H. GAULT,
apr 28 1m Treasurer and Manager.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency

Offers best facilities for handling Desirable Real Estate. Special attention to City Property, Timbered Lands and desirable Farms. We have arrangements for the sale of a few large tracts of Land for farming purposes, consisting of from 3,000 to 5,000 acres. This property is wanted on a railroad. Send us a list of the property you have for sale.
For terms, &c., address
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
apr 22 tf Burgaw, N. C.

FOR SALE!

A Desirable Building Lot on N. Seventh street.
A Fine Corner on Fifth street.
A Two-story House on Church street.
A Large Lot on Market street.
A Good Investment on Market street (house and lot). And other property on Front, Second, Third, Fifth and many other streets.

CUMMING,
Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.
my 2 tf

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

16 and 18 North Water St.

FLOUR IN BARRELS AND BAGS.
Virginia Water Ground Meal.
Lard, Soap, Lye.
Salt—coarse and fine.
Fresh Crackers and Cakes.
Baking Powders.
Sardines, Molasses, Cheese.
A full line of Tobacco and Choice Cigars and Cigarettes.
Wrapping Paper and Twine.

PAPER BAGS, NAILS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.
feb 16 tf

CUSTOM HOUSE, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Collector's Office, April 28, 1900.
Supplies for Revenue Vessels. Sealed proposals for supplying ship chandlery, rations, and coal to vessels of the United States Revenue Cutter Service, regularly stationed, or temporarily, at Wilmington, North Carolina, and delivered on board said vessels at that place during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, will be received at this Office until 2 o'clock P. M. of Saturday, May 12, 1900, at which time and place they will be publicly opened. The coal furnished to be anthracite or bituminous of best quality; uniform in character; to weigh 2,240 pounds to the ton; to be delivered on board the vessels at such times and in such quantities as may be required, at localities readily accessible to said vessels, and to be subject to inspection as to quality and weight. Bidders will name the prices both for steaming and stove coal, and also their facilities for furnishing the vessels with fresh water, and their charges therefor. Blank forms of proposals, with schedules showing articles of ship chandlery and component parts of rations, may be had upon application to this Office; proposals must be submitted on these forms. Separate bids will also be received at the same time and place for lubricating and illuminating oils. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and no contract will be put in force until Congress shall have made an appropriation for the purpose.
JOHN C. DANCY, Collector.
apr 27 4t fr su we

COTTON SEED MEAL.

25 Tons C. S. Meal at low price.
45,000 Lbs. D. S. Sides.
5,000 " Lard.
6,000 Bushels Grain.
500 Bags Meal.
400 " Grits

made of Ohio river corn, and will keep longer than other Grits.
GET OUR PRICES.

D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
apr 15 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Is It Satisfactory?

That's the question that goes with every purchase here. If it's not satisfactory, bring it back to-day—to-morrow—next week—and get your money. It is this absolute assurance of fair dealing that retains our trade. Our customers know that "money back" is not a cry set up to deceive the unwary into buying, followed by all sorts of undue excuses and quibblings to avoid returning money on displeasing purchases. One of our maxims reads: "For you to remain dissatisfied is to make us more dissatisfied." It isn't to-day's trade we're depending on—it's to-morrow's—next week's—next month's—next year's! We want you to be so well pleased with your treatment here and with what you buy here, that you'll come again and again. And we will remark right now that our efforts to please have been so uniformly successful that calls for "money back" are rarely made. But it's here just the same, for any and all demands that may be made for purchases returned as undesirable.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,
HARDWARE, &c.,
mar 9 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Seasonable Goods.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for Rob Roy FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep 10 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hoffman Brand Rosindale

CEMENT,

now on hand.

Germania Portland Cement,
Anchor Lime,
Plaster, Hair, Nails.

We have a small quantity of 3x8

LUMBER,

Heart Pine.

A Complete Stock of Heavy Groceries.

THE WORTH CO.
my 4 tf

CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
House Furnishing Goods.....

Our Motto,
No Fancy Prices.

WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.

Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.

O. P. CAZAUX & CO.
ja 7 tf

Quality, Prices,
Are the
Consideration in Buying Flour.
"Q" "Q" "Q"
FLOUR

Has stood the Test of twelve years, and its reputation has earned for it the top notch of popularity. Our confidence in it and its consistency for so many years justifies our guaranteeing every package.

WE SOLICIT A TRIAL.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Sole Agents.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
apr 22 tf

To Reach a Woman's Heart

is often a very difficult matter, but through the medium of my PURE ICE CREAM it is quite an easy task.

I take no second place in this, and guarantee to please you with quality and price.

$1.00 per gallon.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
Inter-State 'Phone 132. my 4 tf

Strawberries. First of the Season.

Strawberries
and
Sweet Cream
at Warren's
Steam Bakery
and Cafe.
apr 17 tf

S. W. SANDERS,
at
"The Unlucky Corner."

Grape Nuts, Postum Cereal.
Extra Nice Corn Beef.
White Florida Cabbage.
Big Fat Hens—dead and alive.
North Carolina Hams—old and new.
A barrel of New Orleans Molasses just tapped pronounced the Finest Yet.
Orange's, Dates, Big and Little Prunes.
Agent for Tate Springs Water.

-:- 'Phone 109. -:-

Springfield Hams 15c, just a few more days.

TAKE NOTICE.
apr 6 tf

An Endless Chain . .

Good Goods! Low Prices! Courteous Treatment! Business Methods! Has made for me an "Endless Chain" of satisfied customers, whose friendship makes them my advertisers—hence, the chain.

This is why I am busy when others have nothing to do—why I am making money when others are crying "Hard Times."

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
apr 29 tf

1900		MAY				1900
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	8:39 a.m.	Third Quarter	21	3:31 p.m.
Full Moon	14	10:36 a.m.	New Moon	28	9:50 a.m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1900.

For White Supremacy.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor:
CHARLES B. AYCOCK, of Wayne.

Lieutenant-Governor:
WILFRED D. TURNER, of Iredell.

Secretary of State:
J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt.

Treasurer:
BENJAMIN R. LACY, of Wake.

Auditor:
B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland.

Attorney-General:
ROBERT D. GILMER, of Haywood.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing:
H. B. VARNER of Davidson.

Corporation Commissioners:
FRANKLIN M'NEILL, of New Hanover.
SAMUEL L. ROGERS of Macon.

Superintendent Public Instruction:
THOMAS F. TOON, of Robeson.

Commissioner of Agriculture:
SAMUEL L. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Judge of the Tenth District:
W. B. COUNCILL, of Watauga.

ENLIGHTENING THE NEW ENGLANDERS.

There is more interest taken in the North in the race problem now than ever before, and even in New England which in past time was the especial champion of the negro, audiences now sit and listen attentively to discussions of the race problem, in which they are told what the negro really is, what his weaknesses are and how much he needs the guiding brain and the firm hand of the white man to prevent him from doing harm to himself and to others. Last Friday night, Rev. Dr. Stagg, of Charlotte, delivered an address, by invitation, before a New Bedford Club, in which he very much enlightened those who heard him and incidentally referred to the movement in this State to eliminate the race question from our politics, by means of the proposed constitutional amendment, which was a strong defence of that movement. We quote that portion of the address bearing upon this from the Charlotte *News* of Monday. After declaring that he spoke as the friend, in the true sense, and not the enemy of the negro, he said:

"We hold that slavery involves right in the constitutional sense and that the franchise does not involve right, but involves the question of expediency. Up to 1835 in North Carolina free negroes exercised the right of franchise. Governor Graham was elected the first time he entered public life by one vote and that vote was cast by a free negro. The agitation of the public mind in 1835 was such that it was expedient to debar the free negro from the privilege of voting. Thus early was this the doctrine of sections of the South. * * * *

"After the endurance of outrage and insolence from the negro for 35 years, the white people of the South have undertaken to deal with the question. Many people living at remote distances from the South are anxious to understand what is proposed, under the amendments to the State constitutions, such, for instance, as it proposed to be voted upon, in August next, in the State of North Carolina. Wise men in the South have the negro's good at heart, as well as their own, in whatever measure may be finally decided upon. I am convinced that some action must be speedily taken for the good of the negro race. The best action would be for the nation to take from the constitution of the United States the 14th and 15th amendments stating that they were not put there in time of passion, and under the pressure of misguided enthusiasm. By this one act all the friction between the white and negro race would in time be removed. It would convince the negro that his outrages would not be tolerated by the government, and somewhat of the feeling of the anti-bellum negro who knew there was no escape from wrong-doing. This race cannot be controlled anywhere on earth without some such fear of the consequences of it acts. If this cannot be accomplished then the states must do the best they can.

"Some one will say, 'What about the negro's right to vote?' The answer is that the question of right is not involved. It isn't anybody's right to vote. I accept Herbert Spencer's doctrine of right. Voting in this country is a question of expediency for whites as well as for blacks. It may not be expedient for you here in Massachusetts to vote; then you should not vote. Once upon a time you thought it was not expedient for a large number of the best citizens of this country to vote, and you said so, and they did not vote. We say, on the ground of expediency, that the negro in North Carolina ought not to vote. My fellow men, here in old New England, it is expedient that he should not. It will be the beginning of great things for the negro, and without which redemption of good citizenship is impossible.

"When this government decides to stop trading in negro votes and takes from him the right of suffrage on the ground that a citizen that curses his race with such crimes as his is unworthy of its exercise, a step will be taken towards putting an end to rape, and the elevation of the negro more powerful and effective than all the papers and speeches ever delivered on the social and political status of the negro race since time began. I say it, here and now, the negro must be controlled, for his own good, as much as for the safety of society. Bishop Haygood said he remembered he had heard of only one case of rape in all his life while the negro was a slave, and he was burned. His disfranchisement by the Southern States will not affect his interests, social business, moral, religious or educational.

This address made a deep impression on those who heard it, as well it might, for it told those people much, in a dispassionate way, about the negro that they didn't know, for many of those people had formed their opinions of the negro from romances written by people who never mingled with the negroes, and knew nothing about them, and if they did never painted them in their true colors, the negro of fiction and not of fact, an imaginary, but not the negro that we encounter every day. They got their ideas from the literature of years ago, when the "poor slave" was a subject of much exaggerated writing; but while these were anything but true sketches of the negroes of that time, they are much further from the truth now, for the negro free has fewer good traits than the negro as a slave, when he was under the eye of the white man and was protected from himself and the vices and dissipations which have done so much to make his presence a source of trouble and anxiety in communities where they are numerous enough to make their presence felt.

Even sensible and well-meaning negroes realize this, and they, too, are concerned for the future of their race, which is being led astray and diverted from the paths which might lead them to usefulness and benefit to themselves and the communities of which they are a part.

One of the worst agencies in thus diverting them has been politics, and the political mountebanks, both white and black, who have been filling them with foolish notions and hopes that can never be realized, thus creating antagonism between them and the whites and making enemies of those who would be their friends. To remove this influence, to relegate the mountebank as well as the vicious negro, is the object of the proposed constitutional amendment, which if adopted will be the best thing for the negro as a race that has happened since he was emancipated and thrown upon his own resources.

THE VICTIMS FOR SACRIFICE.

The Republican Convention which met at Raleigh, Wednesday, went through the form of selecting some victim for the slaughter in August and very appropriately headed the list with ex-Judge Spencer B. Adams, who disgraced the Judiciary and his white manhood by that infamous speech he delivered from the bench in the Columbus county court house two years ago, a speech of which he afterwards made the regulation denial.

It was quite proper, too, that the Dockery family should be recognized, as it was in naming Claudius as the second on the list of victims, for the Dockery family is always in evidence when there are any nominations for anything going 'round. The Dockerys have contracted such a passion for running for office that it has become a second nature, and they can't help it, even when they feel sure they are going to be left.

A few of the victims-to-be are known because they have been before the public a good while—in fact, they are too well known—while the rest of them are unknown to fame, but quite as well known now as they ever will be.

The men who made and went through the form of nominating this ticket had no idea that it could be elected, but nominated it simply to create the impression that there is still in this State a Republican party. As neither they nor the Butler faction of the Populists, which also went through the form of putting up a State ticket, have no idea that either can be elected, their game will be to fuse on members of the Legislature and on county offices, in accordance with the scheme of Pritchard and Butler whose jobs in the Senate will depend on getting control of the Legislature, and that is what they will work for. The fight for the State offices is merely a ruse to cover their real object and fool Populists and Republicans who profess to be actuated by principle.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottle 10c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store; every bottle guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GIVING HIMSELF AWAY.

Senator Pritchard displays remarkable inconsistency and gives himself away in the reasons he assigns for his opposition to the proposed constitutional amendment. In his speech in the Republican State convention, Wednesday, he reiterated the assertion that the Supreme Court of the United States would declare the 5th section of the amendment, (commonly called the "grandfather" section,) unconstitutional. How does Senator Pritchard know what the Supreme Court will do? This may be his opinion, which we very much doubt, but he does not know it. Besides if he did know it, or had any particular reason to believe that the Supreme Court would so decide, he would desire the adoption of the amendment, which he says would leave the negroes voters and disfranchise white men, which is the very thing that Pritchard and other office seekers on his side would like to see, for that would cut down the white vote and give them and their negro following just that much the advantage.

But he says the 4th section isn't constitutional either for that discriminates against the colored brother. Now, if he believes the 5th section which permits the illiterate white man to vote, is unconstitutional, and that the 4th section, which prohibits the ignorant negro from voting, is unconstitutional, the whole thing is unconstitutional, and why in the mischief is Senator Pritchard cavorting around and pawing the air in his frantic efforts to defeat a measure which cannot run the ordeal of the courts without being knocked out?

Pritchard simply advertises his inconsistency, gives himself away and makes himself ridiculous when he opposes the amendment on constitutional grounds and asserts that it will be declared void by the Supreme Court.

ALL BY ACCLAMATION.

The so-called State ticket nominated by the so-called Republican State convention at Raleigh, Wednesday, was run through as slated by the machine manipulators, and nominated by "acclamation. There was more acclamation in it than anything else. The slate was all fixed up with the exception of the nominee for Governor, some of the bosses wanting Pritchard, who could not be prevailed upon to let himself be put up to be knocked down; others wanted Bynum, who took the same lead-mule sense view of it that Pritchard did, and finally they filled the blank with the name of Spencer B. Adams, Pritchard's man, and then the whole business went through by acclamation, until they reached the name of Mr. English, who was on the slate for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Some of the brethren wanted to know who and what he was and were informed that he was a Populist. He then he also went through by acclamation, as it didn't seem that the Republicans had any suitable material to make a Superintendent of Public Instruction.

But this acclamation way of doing things is suggestive. It is almost invariably the case that when conventions are running a forlorn hope and there isn't any chance to elect a ticket the nominating is generally done by acclamation, and when such is the case it practically amounts to a confession of defeat in advance. Sometimes a man achieves such distinction in his party that he has no opposition, all looking to him as the ideal leader, and that is an indication of strength and confidence; but when it comes to running through a whole slate in this way it is quite another matter. Then it is an evidence of hopeless weakness.

The richest colored denizen of Kansas is the "Potato King" J. G. Groves, who eighteen years ago started with a capital of 75 cents, and is now worth $100,000, made out of raising Irish potatoes and good investments in real estate. The presumption is that he didn't devote much time to politics.

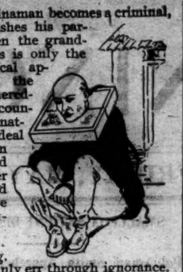
A New Jersey Postmaster who is short in his accounts is now trying to make the distance as long as possible between him and the law dogs, while his bondsmen are contemplating the $3,100 bond they are in for.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Capt. Carter could easily pay the fine of $5,000 assessed against him by the court martial. According to the expert who has investigated his accounts, Carter's whack out of the big steal of funds intrusted to him was $500,000. So the fine was one cent on the dollar of the "stealage."—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— There is too much talk about the probability of our sending warships to Turkey to enforce our demand for damages to our mission houses. We are not in a position to wage war on Turkey, and if we were we would not undertake it and risk the expenditure of $90,000,000 to recover $90,000. The Turk understands this. Moreover, our missionaries should hereafter see the propriety of squaring themselves with the people among whom they go to live. Then there would be no necessity to back them up with artillery, and Christianity would have a chance to win on its own merits. —*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

When a Chinaman becomes a criminal, the law punishes his parents and even the grandparents. This is only the extreme logical application of the doctrine of heredity. In this country, we leave natural law to deal with its own offenses, and many a mother is punished through the physical weakness and wish tempered in puny offspring.



Women many err through ignorance. They enter the marriage state already disordered by irregularity of the periods. The delicate and sensitive organs, peculiarly feminine, are in no condition for the shock which is consequent on the great change. Drains that are offensive and debilitating are set up, inflammation and ulceration with female trouble are added in time, and when motherhood comes the strength of body is inadequate, and the condition of mind unfit, for the responsibility. The natural result is a child that is unhealthy and unhappy.

Happy wifehood, healthy motherhood, beautiful children, all follow the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It stops the drains, allays inflammation, heals ulceration, cures female trouble, soothes the nerves, and puts the delicate female organs in a condition of perfect health.

Mrs. Annie Blacker, of 629 Catharine Street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me. For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Favorite Prescription, I have much better health, and now I have a fine, healthy baby. I have recommended your medicines to several of my friends and they have been benefited by them."

Women find valuable help in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper binding, or 31 stamps for cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Joseph Naylor died at his home in Mingo township on Monday the 22nd of April of grippe. He had been sick about four weeks.

—Salisbury *Truth-Index*: Mr. Geargе W. Long tells us to-day that the apple crop in his neighborhood is almost entirely destroyed. Mr. Long say that something has killed nearly all the limbs and that there are but few blossoms on any of the trees.

— Roxboro *Courier*: The Roxboro Cotton Mills began operation Monday. This is a busy place, and will add a great deal of help to our community. This mill has all the latest and modern machinery required in a first class cotton mill. ——Fruits of all kinds in this county are abundant. and peaches and apples on some trees are nearly as large as partridge egg.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Wednesday of last week while two sons of McDuffie Cummings, a Croatan, living near Pates, were driving a mule to a cart the animal became frightened and ran away. The cart was over turned and both boys were thrown out. The oldest, aged 14 years, was killed almost instantly, and the other, aged 12, had his skull fractured and is not expected to live.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: A Labor Union, recently organized in Lexington, is growing rapidly. Meetings are held one a week and a large number of new members were taken in Saturday night. At present meetings are held at the cotton mills, but it is said the organization will soon meet up street, as the buildings at the mill are too small to hold the large number of members.

— Raleigh *Post*: George W. Hunt of Harnett the man who is alleged to have caused the domestic unhappiness in the home of A. R. Baker, whose wife is at Rex Hospital with a bullet wound through her throat, was arrested last evening on the charge of fornication and adultry. Hunt, who is a man of good appearance and reputed to have valuable property, was arrested on a warrant sworn out by A. R. Baker, the husband whose affections have been misplaced. Hunt now shares quarters in jail with Baker, having failed to put up the necessary $200 bond required of him by Judge Roberts last evening. In the meantime Mrs. Baker continues to improve, and it sain will recover.

— When Bryan becomes President, the people need have no fear that the bosses will fasten a collar about his neck. While it will surely cause him, as it did Cleveland during his last term, the bitter hatred of all the political plotschemers, this is the kind of President the people want.—*Jacksonville (Fla.) Times-Union and Citizen, Dem.*

Baldness Can be Cured

just so long as there is a particle of vitality left in the hair roots. The fact that the head is smooth and shining is no positive proof that the roots beneath are dead

Deep down beneath the skin, hair roots may yet exist, filled with latent vitality, and all that is required to develop them into a beautiful head of hair is the faithful application of the proper agents.

Seven Sutherland Sisters'

preparations furnish the easiest, surest and quickest way to ascertain if there is or is not latent life beneath a head bare of hair. Why not try them?

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

—— About this time every four years the party cry is revived that England is chock full of Trusts. Yet, curiously enough, the English people, with all their sturdy hatred of monopoly, take very kindly to these alleged Trusts. The simple explanation is that the English know full well that where competition in trade is not obstructed by tariff combinations to monopolize the markets and to raise prices against consumers are out of the question. On the other hand, it is the exorbitant tariff of this country which has created and is sheltering most of the Trusts that are despoiling American consumers.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Dissolves and Eliminates Calculi and Stone Both of the Kidney and Bladder.

"A Veritable Antidote For Albuminuria and Bright's Disease Acute and Chronic."

Case of Mr. S. Reported by Dr. G. H. Pierce, of Danbury, Conn., in the New England Medical Monthly.

"This photograph shows the exact size and shape of some of the larger specimens of disintegrated stone discharged by Mr. S., under the action of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER."

"Mr. S., American, 47 years old, four months ago consulted me. I advised that his bladder be explored, for foreign body, which I was sure was present. On entering the bladder I encountered a large mass, which from the characteristic click, I decided was a stone. It was something immense, and larger than anything that I have ever known of. * * * I prescribed BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, a goblet four times a day, and a good liberal diet, together with tonics. In three days he called me, and showing me the vessel which he had used during the night, asked me if the *debris* was not *disintegrated stone. I was amazed to see the quantity of brick-dust, or rather iron-rust, looking deposit which was present. The material kept coming away, and sometimes large particles came from time to time.* After all were passed, which took three and one half months, the largest particles which were saved WEIGHED TWO OUNCES AND TWENTY-SEVEN GRAINS. To-day I passed a sound into his bladder and found it entirely free."

Albuminuria and Bright's Disease.

Dr. William H. Drummond, *Professor of Medical Jurisprudence Bishops' University, Montreal, Canada:*

"In the Acute and Chronic Nephritis [BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS], of Gouty and Rheumatic origin, as well as in the graver Albuminuria of Pregnancy, I have found BUFFALO LITHIA WATER to act as a VERITABLE ANTIDOTE, and I know of NO OTHER NATURAL AGENT POSSESSING THIS IMPORTANT QUALITY."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions sent to any address.

PROPRIETOR, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

Springs are open for guests from June 15th to Oct. 1st.

They are reached from all directions over the Danville Division of the Southern Railway.

TWINKLINGS.

— It Came Out: "I had my fortune told to-day." "Well?" "The medium said I was about to lose some money, and then asked me for a dollar.

— "Have a cigar judge," said the young lawyer. "By the way, did you ever try this brand?" "Yes," replied the judge, "and found it guilty."—*Chicago News.*

— A Gross Plebeian Cur: "Arthur, I don't believe my poodle is a thoroughbred." "Why, Bertha?" "He hasn't been sick a minute since we got him."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— She—"Why don't you do something to win wealth and glory?" He—"I would, but I'm afraid if I go to Cape Nome I'll freeze to death, and if I go to the Philippines I'll get shot."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Brown—"How do you feel about Sunday golf?" Jones—"Don't tell it that I said so, but I have heard sermons so long lately that they made me want to go out and take a whack at something."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "What do you think of this controversy as to whether marriage is a failure?" he asked, for want of something to say. "I don't know anything about it," she replied, "but," she added hastily, "I always was fond of experiments."—*Chicago Evening Post*

— "He openly boasts that no great corporation has ever dared to approach him," said the acquaintance. "He ought to be careful how he talks," answered Senator Sorghum. "The first thing he knows people will think he hasn't any influence worth buying."—*Washington Star.*

— Casey—"Th' byes in the block raised twenty darlars for th' poor divils that's wounded be th' African war r!" Cassidy—"Did ye sind it to Krueger?" Casey—"Will, no! Ye see, th' lasht British vict'ry wounded our feelin's so bad tho: we decoided to spind it an 6eer fer oursilves."—*Puck.*

— A lady said the other day to her sewing woman, whose husband is in the South African army: "Well, Mary, you must be glad to think your husband will soon be with you again?" She got back the answer: "Lor, no, mum! I don't want him back yet. I don't want him back till he's covered with glory—an eye out, or something like that."—*London Tit-Bits.*

— "I ain't strikin' you as a bum, you know," said the man who had asked for a nickel, "but as a man whose sympathies is wid de Boers, and who wants to make his way to South Africa at once and jine wid 'em." "But how can you get to South Africa on a nickel?" protested the other. "I can't sir, but I can make a start, can't I?" "What sort of a start?" "A preparatory start. I'll invest de coin in a glass of beer and take a walk around de block to limber up my knees."

Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower

Stops falling hair at once, and in from 30 to 90 days grows a new head of hair, no matter how bald the head may be from dandruff, fever, sickness, or any other cause. Will restore gray hair to its original color and beauty. Will make hair grow on a bald head, if the hair roots are not entirely dead. Will make a thick growth of hair grow on the face in 30 days. Will make hair grow on the head, eyebrows or eyelashes. Will prevent hair from falling out. Will make a harsh, dry scalp soft and pliable. Will cure any case of dandruff in 30 days. Will make the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Will make a straight eyelash curl. Will cure any case of scalp disease. Will make a beautiful head of hair. Will please you. Will not color the skin. Will not gum the hair. Will not injure the most delicate skin. Will not stain the most delicate fabric. Will not color the hair. Will not injure the hair. Will not make the hair sticky. Will not make the hair dirty. Will not make the hair look unnatural. Will not make the hair look artificial. Will not make the hair look false. Will not make the hair look like a wig. Will not make the hair look like a switch. Will not make the hair look like a braid. Will not make the hair look like a curl. Will not make the hair look like a wave. Will not make the hair look like a frizz. Will not make the hair look like a kink. Will not make the hair look like a tangle. Will not make the hair look like a knot. Will not make the hair look like a mat. Will not make the hair look like a bird's nest. Will not make the hair look like a haystack. Will not make the hair look like a broom. Will not make the hair look like a mop. Will not make the hair look like a duster. Will not make the hair look like a feather duster. Will not make the hair look like a paint brush. Will not make the hair look like a shaving brush. Will not make the hair look like a tooth brush. Will not make the hair look like a hair brush. Will not make the hair look like a comb. Will not make the hair look like a fine comb. Will not make the hair look like a coarse comb. Will not make the hair look like a pocket comb. Will not make the hair look like a dressing comb. Will not make the hair look like a parting comb. Will not make the hair look like a side comb. Will not make the hair look like a back comb. Will not make the hair look like a top comb. Will not make the hair look like a front comb. Will not make the hair look like a curling comb. Will not make the hair look like a crimping comb. Will not make the hair look like a waving comb. Will not make the hair look like a straightening comb. Will not make the hair look like a parting comb. Will not make the hair look like a side comb. Will not make the hair look like a back comb. Will not make the hair look like a top comb. Will not make the hair look like a front comb.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, May 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 47 cents per gallon, for machine made casks and 46½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.35 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.85 per barrel for hard, $2.90 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 40½@40c; rosin firm at 95c@$1.00; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine steady at $1.35 @2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	27
Rosin	111
Tar	407
Crude turpentine	49

Receipts same day last year.—92 casks spirits turpentine, 484 bbls rosin, 93 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 9¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 13-16 cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	8¾ " "
Low middling	8 13 16 " "
Middling	9¼ " "
Good middling	9¾ " "

Same day last year middling quiet at 6c.

Receipts—105 bales; same day last year, 34 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm; 53 to 53¼ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 85c upland, 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

LOCAL SECURITIES.

Quotations on local securities, furnished and regularly corrected by Hugh MacRae & Co.:

STOCKS.

	BID.	ASKED.
A. C. L. of Conn., 5 per ct. Certs	110	112½
A. C. L. of Conn., stock	220	230
A. C. L. of S. C.	240	250
Wilmington & Weldon	340	360
W. & W. 7 per ct Certs	144	...
N. C. R. R.	158	161
Wilmington Compress Co	...	10
Delgado Mills	110	112
Wilmington Cotton Mills, pfd	110	115
Wilmington Gas Light Co	70	74
Carolina Insurance Co	110	...
Underwriters' Insurance Co	100	...
National Bank of Wilmington	110	113
Atlantic National Bank	200	...
Murchison National Bank	110	...
Wil. Savings & Trust Co	200	...
Blue Ridge National Bank	110	118
Warren Manufacting Co., preferred	...	105
Abbeville Cotton Mills	110	...
Southern Cotton Mills	...	101
Piedmont Manufacturing Co	180	200
Pacolet Manufacturing Co	250	...
F. W. Poe Manufacturing Co	128	132
Anderson Cotton Mills	128	135
Pelzer Manufacturing Co	189	200
Union Cotton Mills, preferred	...	106

BONDS.

N. C. 4's	106½	107
N. C. 6's	135	140
City Wilm. con. 5's, gold, 1923	112	115
City Wilm. con. 5's, cur	100	...
City Wilm. 5's 1919	100	...
City Wilm. 6's	101	105
Masonic Temple 1st 6's	105	...
Masonic Temple 2d 6's	...	103
Wilmington Compress Co.'s 8's	85	...
Wilmington & Weldon 5's	115	...
A. C. L. 4's	100	...
N. H. County 6's, gold	...	106½
City of Wilmington 4's, 1920	102	103½

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Money on call easy at 1@2½ per cent.; last loan 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer; actual business in bankers' bills at 488½ for demand and 484½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 485@485½ and 489@489½. Commercial bills 483¾@484¼. Silver certificates 60½@60¾. Bar silver 60. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. refunding 3's 103¼; U.S. 2's, reg'd, 99½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 114¾; do. coupon, 114¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113½; do. coupon, 113½; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 106; Southern R'y 5's 113¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 83½; Chesapeake & Ohio 29½; Manhattan L 93½; New York Central 134½; Reading 18¼; do. 1st prefer'd 57½; St. Paul 118¼; do. preferred 172½; Southern Railway 13; do. pref'd 56½; American Tobacco, 103; do. pref'd 130; People's Gas 103¼; Sugar 114½; do. pref'd 111; T. C. & Iron 79½; U. S. Leather 12⅝; do. preferred 70½; Western Union 81¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Rosin was steady; strained common to good $1 60. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, May 3.—Spirits turpentine was steady at 46½c; sales 10 casks. Rosin quiet; sales — barrels. Quote: B, C, D $1 20; E $1 25; F, $1 30; G, $1 35; H, $1 50; I, $1 55; K, $1 65; M, $1 85; N, $2 10; W G, $2 25; W W, $2 45.

SAVANNAH, May 3.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47c; sales 745 casks; receipts 1,444 casks; exports 509 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,062 barrels; receipts 2,022 barrels; exports 801 barrels. The closing quotations were: A, B, C, D, $1 25; F, $1 30; G, $1 45; H, $1 60; I, $1 65; K, $1 75; M $2 15; N, $2 30, W G $2 45, W W $2 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Extreme apathy prevailed pretty much all day in the local cotton market. Owing to the peculiar confliction of influences at work the room contingent held off and outside speculation remained at a standstill. The market opened steady, with prices unchanged to three points higher in response to better cables than looked for. Those prices were in vogue until mid-day, when a reaction occurred under light selling of a professional character. For the rest of the day values changed but little and speculation was at a standstill much of the time. The influential feature was a further sale of 14,000 bales spot cotton to spinners. News from the crop centres indicated efforts on the part of planters to make up for lost time now that the weather has become settled. Receipts were small, but this phase of the situation has ceased to exert an influence. About 2,000 May notices were issued but were soon in possession of good hands. The market closed steady, two points higher to two points lower.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Cotton was quiet; middling uplands 9 13-16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady: May 9.58, June 9.47, July 9.48, August 9.31, September 8.52, October 8.29, November 8.11, December 8.10, January 8.13, February 8.13, March 8.16.

Spot cotton—Market closed quiet; middling uplands 9 13-16c; middling gulf 10 1-16c; sales — bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 670 bales; stock 104,074 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 6,022 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,130 bales; exports to France 2,187 bales; exports to the Continent 830 bales; stock 399,910 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 34,236 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,443 bales; exports to France 7,450 bales; exports to the Continent 43,787 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,196,412 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,048,725 bales; exports to France 673,726 bales; exports to the Continent 2,426,087 bales.

May 3—Galveston, quiet at 9 7 16c, net receipts 193 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9¾, net receipts 540 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9¾c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 9 13 16c, net receipts 240 bales; Wilmington, steady at 9¼, net receipts 105 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10 1-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 9 7 16, net receipts 10 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 2,222 bales; Mobile, nominal at 9¼c, net receipts 217 bales; Memphis, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 56 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 145 bales; Charleston, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 300 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Flour was rather slow and somewhat easier because of the break in wheat. Wheat Spot strong; No. 2 red 80¼c. Options were steady at first on moderate local support but gave way later in response to heaviness in corn, general liquidation and failure of frost news to alarm shorts. After a late rally with corn the market closed steady at ½@¾c net decline. No. 2 red May closed 73c; July 73½; September 73¾c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 45½c. Options were weak all day because of heavy liquidation, inspired by demoralization at Liverpool, larger country offerings and deliveries at Chicago. It finally rallied on export trade and closed steady at 1@1½c net decline. May closed 45½c; July 45½c; September 45¾c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 28c; options were quiet and unchanged; No. 2 white oats—May closed 29¼c. Lard steady; Western steam $7 35; May closed $7 40; refined steady. Pork dull; family; $14 00@14 50; short clear $14 00 @15 00; mess $12 50@13 25. Petroleum steady. Butter firm; Western creamery 16@20c; State dairy 15@18½c Cheese weak; fancy large white 10¾c; fancy large colored 10¾c; fancy small white 10@10¼c; fancy small colored 10¼@10¾c. Eggs firm; Southern at mark, 11@12½c. Tallow quiet. Potatoes quiet; New York $1 25@1 62½; Florida $3 00@6 50; New Jersey sweets $2 50@3 25. Rice steady. Cabbage were quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 27d; grain by steam 5¾@4d. Cotton seed oil dull and rather easy, without feature. Quotations: Prime crude, in barrels, 35c nominal; prime summer yellow 37½@38c prompt; off summer yellow 38c; butter grades nominal; prime winter yellow 40@42c; prime white 40@41c; prime meal $26 00. Coffee—Spot Rio nominal; No. 7 in voice 7⅝c; mild quiet; Cordova 9¼@13¼c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3 15 16c; centrifugal 96 test, 4 7 16c; molasses sugar 3¼c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The corn market was inactive and weakness was the leader on the Board of Trade to day. Under the influence of liquidation and lower cables, the close found July one cent under yesterday. Wheat, influenced by cornland easier cables, closed easy; July to lower Oats closed ⅛@¼c down and provisions steady from 2½c higher in lard to 7½c down in pork.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Cash quotations: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 60½@65c; No. 2 red 70½@71c. Corn—No. 2, 39¾@39½c. Oats—No. 2 23¾@23c; No. 3 white 26¾@27¼c; No. 3 white —c. Pork, per barrel, $11 05@12 10. Lard, per 100 lbs, $6 85@7 00. Short rib sides, loose, $6 70@6 90. Dry salted shoulders, $6 50@6 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $7 20@7 30. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 25½.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May 65¼, 65¾, 65¼, 65½c; July 67¼@67¾, 67¾@67¾, 67¾, 67@67¼c. Corn—No. 2 May 39½@39¾, 39¼, 39, 39¼@39¼c; July 40¼@40¾, 40¾, 39¾, 40c; September 41¼@41¾, 41¾, 40¾, 40¾@40¾c. Oats—May 23¾@23¾, 23¾@23, 22¾@23¾, 22¾; July 23¾, 23¼, 23¼, 23½c; September 22¾, 22¾@23, 22¾, 22¾. Pork, per bbl—May $11 97½, 12 05, 11 95, 12 00; July $12 15, 12 20, 11 90, 12 10. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $6 92½, 6 95, 6 82½, 6 95; July $6 97½, 7 02½, 6 87½, 6 97½; September $6 97½, 7 02½, 6 87½, 6 97½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $6 70, 6 70, 6 70, 6 70; July $6 75, 6 83½, 6 65, 6 80; September $6 72½, 6 77½, 6 65, 6 77½.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, May 3, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in increased demand; prices firm; American middling 5 15 32d. The sales of the day were 14,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 12,600 American. Receipts 28,000 bales, including 26,400 American.

Futures opened steady and closed quiet at the advance. American middling (l. m. c.)—May 5 32-64@5 33 64d seller; May and June 5 20 64d buyer; June and July 5 17-64@5 18 64d value; July and August 5 15 64d seller; August and September 5 6-64@5 7 64d seller; September and October 4 49-64@4 50 64d seller; October and November 4 37-64@4 38 64d seller; November and December 4 32 64d buyer; December and January 4 30 64d buyer; January and February 4 28-64d buyer; February and March 4 27 64@4

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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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Sloan's Liniment.

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Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 3:35 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 7:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:12 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M. Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leave Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 . M., Richmond 9:00 P M., Portsmouth 8:45 . M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:32 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M.,Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Ruther fordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:53 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

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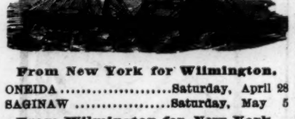

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SAGINAW.....Saturday, May 5

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ALCOHOL IN AFRICA.

CURSE OF NATIVES AS WELL AS EUROPEANS.

Whisky, Even In Moderate Quantities, Is Fatal In Tropical Climates. Tea and Coffee the Best Beverages. Incentives to Drink.

No more absurd project has ever been mooted than the proposal of the Chamber of Commerce of Lagos to institute legal proceedings against the Anglican bishop of equatorial Africa for asserting in a letter which he recently published in the London Times that 75 per cent of the deaths of Europeans on the coast of Africa are due to drink—not necessarily drunkenness, but drink, it being necessary to bear in mind the distinction between the two words. In fact, the announcement is calculated to excite the undisguised merriment of any one who, like myself, has both visited and lived in the countries in question, says Ex-Attache in Chicago Tribune.

The statement of the bishop is perfectly true, not only as regards the white races in equatorial Africa, but could be applied with equal truth to the white races throughout the length and breadth of Asia, especially as regards the tropical portion thereof. In view of the acquisition of the Philippines by the United States and the maintenance there of a considerable force of troops to protect the life and property of the American citizens who are certain to establish themselves in the archipelago this question of drink in the tropics is a matter of timely interest and of considerable importance.

With the object of relieving the following statements of any imputation of prejudice I would ask permission to state at the outset that I have no connection of any kind with any temperance society either here or in Europe and that if I venture to raise my voice against the use of stimulants in the tropics, and, in fact, throughout the orient, it is not as a matter of principle, but of common sense and on the grounds of health.

Aside from the craving for liquor by which so many men are cursed, there are three other incentives that drive white men to drink in equatorial Africa and throughout the orient. Of these causes one is undoubtedly the extreme physical lassitude resulting from the climatic conditions, which seems to invite the use of stimulants in order to revive mental and physical energy. Then there is the thirst which is the natural consequence of the heat, coupled with the difficulty of obtaining drinking water absolutely free from germs and palatable.

Experience goes to show that the last of these three incentives to the use of stimulants is the most powerful of all. It is ennui more than anything else that leads the white residents of tropical countries to destroy their health both of mind and of body by the excessive use of stimulants.

In India this ennui is in a measure dispelled by devotion to sports of one kind and another, and there is no doubt that if the English on the whole remain the people that are the least injuriously affected by the tropical climate and who manage to retain health of mind and body to a greater extent than any other white races in the orient it is because so much of their spare time is spent in polo, cricket, tennis, pig sticking and sports of one kind and another which are carried on, no matter how hot the weather.

It is admitted on all sides that alcohol is the curse of Africa and that it is decimating the native races as well as the European colonists. In fact, at the present moment there is an international congress in session at Brussels, organized by the great powers of the old world, with the object of checking the importation of alcohol into what is so justly described as "gin soaked Africa." The Mohammedan missionaries, as stated, forbid the use of alcohol on the part of the converts to their creed, and it is due to this that drunkenness is nonexistent in the Mohammedan part of the dark continent, whereas it is the principal blight of that portion of the dark continent which has been brought within the scope of Christian civilization.

Nearly all the European houses of commerce and trading stations along the coasts of Africa derive a considerable portion of their profits from the importation of gin for the use of the natives. The white missionaries are largely dependent upon these traders not merely for society and for those comforts and conveniences that are destined to alleviate the difficulties of existence in the dark continent, but are even compelled to rely upon them for the necessaries, and missionaries who attempted to preach total abstinence to the natives would be subjected to such treatment by the traders that life would become intolerable. They are, therefore, handicapped.

Still, the fact remains that whereas Christian civilization and missionary efforts tolerate the use and abuse of alcohol on the part of the dusky races, not merely temperance, but total abstinence is preached by the Mohammedan missionaries. And whereas alcohol is fatal to white and colored races alike in the tropics, destroying both mind and body, total abstinence, in those climates at any rate, is not only conducive to health, but indispensable thereto.

The question will naturally arise as to what form of beverage can be recommended for use in the tropics, or rather, I should say, in the orient, since the water there is usually polluted and alcoholic liquors are so deleterious to the health. In response thereto it is pretty safe to recommend the beverages of the country, tea and coffee of a quality unknown either in Europe or the United States being within the reach of every white man's purse throughout the orient.

Marry to Be Educated.

If a girl in Russia wishes to study at any of the universities in that country, etiquette does not allow her to do so until she is married, so she goes through the civil ceremony of marriage with a man student, whom very probably she has never seen before, and this marriage is quite legal, though perhaps they may never speak to each other again. On the other hand, if they like each other and wish it, they are married for life. If they don't, the marriage is dissolved when their university course is finished, and they are free to marry some one else. The celebrated mathematician, Sonya Kovalevski, whose autobiography attracted considerable notice a few years ago, went through the marriage ceremony with a student whom she then saw for the first time and who afterward became her husband. The education of women in Russia stands better than in most European countries, owing to the persistent efforts of the Russian women themselves. By 1886 they had managed to get four university colleges for women, with 1,442 students; one medical academy, with 500 students, and numerous intermediate schools. There are 700 women doctors in Russia, of whom nearly one-half are employed in the civil service, chiefly by the Zemstvos.

Wouldn't Offend.

An old negro once, in relating his religious experience, avowed that he had seen the devil in bodily form. Upon being asked whether his satanic majesty presented himself as a white man or a black one, the hepest darky replied, "Neither white nor very black, but of a grizzly gray."—Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.

HIVES FOR WINTER.

A Cheap Chaff Arrangement—How to Move Bees.

There is no better arrangement for wintering bees than an ordinary dry goods box made into a chaff hive, as shown in Fig. 1, and the manner of fixing it is so fully explained in the picture that no further direction is needed. The side of the large box is taken off to show how to arrange the hive of bees. The hive is tipped up at one side to show the bottom arrangement. The side is placed back and the entire space between hives inside filled with dry chaff, a good roof added and all painted up nicely, as shown in Fig. 2.

This arrangement is illustrated in Farm, Field and Fireside, in which A. H. Duff also tells about moving bees. He says that moving them, either long or short distances, should be done before cold weather They should be located on the spot where they are intended during warm weather to be wintered, so as to be thoroughly acquainted with their surroundings before cold weather sets in. This not only answers for long distances, but more especially so if they are to be moved about in the same apiary.

If colonies are thus changed just at the beginning of winter, when they do not have a chance to mark their new location by frequent flights, it will result in irreparable damage and a heavy loss in bees. The only safe plan to move colonies in the same apiary is to move the hive a few feet each day that the bees are flying until the desired spot is reached.

In this manner the bees will follow the hive and find their way home;

FIG. 1 FIG. 2

CHEAP CHAFF HIVE FOR WINTER.

otherwise they would become lost or enter other hives, in which case they are liable to be stung to death by other bees. There is less loss in this respect during the autumn months than at any time during spring or summer, as the bees are lying idle the greater part of the time at this season.

Bees should not be moved during winter. They should not be disturbed or molested in any manner while taking their winter doze, except on a fine day, when they are flying, to look after their wants. They may be moved in early spring in safety, when they are beginning to fly daily.

Commercial Fertiliser and Potatoes.

The Virginia station draws the following conclusions from experiments with commercial fertilizers for potatoes:

First.—That potatoes grown without fertilizers contain the greatest amount of dry matter. The addition of fertilizers tends to diminish the dry matter, and also as the quantity of fertilizer used is increased the amount of dry matter is diminished.

Second.—Potatoes grown where sulphate of potash was used contain more dry matter than those where muriate was used.

Third.—The ash is not affected to any very appreciable extent. Fertilizers tend slightly to increase it.

Fourth.—Very little effect is produced on the starch by fertilizers, their tendency being to increase rather than to diminish it.

Fifth.—Potatoes grown with muriate of potash contain less dry matter but slightly more starch than those grown with sulphate of potash.

Sixth.—Neither the kind nor amount of fertilizer has any appreciable effect on the percentage of nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash contained in potatoes.

Seventh.—The percentage of chlorine is considerably increased when muriate of potash is used, and the more muriate used the higher the percentage of chlorine.

How Mosquitoes Hibernate.

"In what stage of their existence do mosquitoes and similar gnats pass the winter?" is a query to which Miss Mary E. Murtfeldt replies in the St. Louis Republic: So far as has been ascertained, the mosquito and its nearest allies hibernate in the perfect form, hidden away in hollow trees, in corners of buildings and among low bushes. That the most severe cold does not impair their vitality is proved by the almost insupportable abundance and ferocity of these insects in arctic regions. They will also survive in heated rooms in a state of semiactivity, as the writer has proved by experiment.

News and Notes.

Among vegetables which the department of agriculture has imported and pronounces of great merit are two species of asparagus new to America, one from Algeria, the other from Naples.

The Brazilian duck, a recent delicious addition to the menu of the epicures, is said to be a "wood duck," differing much from the popularly raised Pekin. To be a success for market it must be fed and fattened, with the scrupulous care and nicety of the French poultry growers, on finely chopped mixed feeds specially designed to give delicately flavored meat.

Over 20 important products are now made from corn. Under latest modern discoveries and methods not a particle of corn is wasted. There is said to be absolutely no refuse.

Our imports of wines, currants, raisins and fresh grapes aggregate over $8,350,000 a year.

"A liberal potato crop in sight" is The American Agriculturist's verdict, though the crop has proved disappointing in the northwest and in parts of New York and Ohio.

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business April 26th, 1900, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 791,947.69
Overdrafts		178.78
U. S. Bonds at par		196,100.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've ag't's	$ 65,592.00	
Due from other banks	147,890.31	
Cash on hand	88,427.98	296,710.19
Total		$1,294,931.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		166,546.18
Circulation		45,000.00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$150,375.00	
Deposits from Banks	145,414.59	
Deposits from individuals	691,395.82	
Certificates of Deposit	30,000.00	1,017,685 41
Total		$1,294,931.59

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Apr. 26 '98.	Apr. 26, '99.	Apr. 26, 1900
Total deposits	$995,500	$799,300	$1,017,000
Surplus and net profits	78,700	92,700	106,500
U.S. bonds at par	40,100	95,000	196,100

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1898. my 2 tf

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

East Carolina

Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tidewater. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 350 acres four miles from Green ville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county 25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vines. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R.; in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with pretty yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lots of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. No tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,

Burgaw, N. C.

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NEWS AND OPINIONS

of

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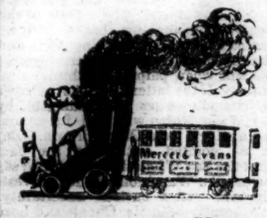

"Grover's Soft Shoes For Tender Feet," Did You Say?

Why, I certainly, we keep them, and you might find anything else in Shoes at Lowest Cash Prices at our store.

Our Premiums are prettier than ever.

Think, and call on us when you are buying.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.
apr 19 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 15, 1900.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.58 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.20 P. M., Warsaw 8.38 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.20 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.04 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.20 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M — No 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York 10.20 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.45 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.31 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.37 P. M.

DAILY 9,20 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.48 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 8.58 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 7.58 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.18 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 7.15 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.35 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.35 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M. arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7.00 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.05 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.05 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.25 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 10.00 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 11.10 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 12.15 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 2.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A M. Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.15 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.50 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 2.20 P. M. arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 5.00 A. M., arrive Florence 6.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.35 P. M., arrive Selma 2.45 P. M. 11.10 P. M. Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.10 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 9.45 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.50 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.54 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.35 P. M., 11.30 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.35 A. M., Creston 5.19 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 15 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 13	.....
8 40	5 50	Newbern	8 97	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 25	7 27
P.M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request

JUST RECEIVED, A NEW LINE OF

Sideboards, Hat Racks, Chiffoniers and Iron Beds.

All at Prices Equal to Any in the United States.

Our Iron Bed is Perfection in construction. See it and be convinced.

SEE US FOR FURNITURE.

THE SNEED COMPANY,

apr 22 tf Second and Market Streets.

A few Items of Interest

At

Rehder's

Fourth Street Bridge

50c Wash Silks.....35c
$1.00 Fancy Silks for Waists, no two alike.....75c
40-inch all wool Canvas Cloth, black and navy, splendid for skirts, 35c
$2.00 Slippers, latest styles.....$1.49
Embroideries, 25 per cent. below values, ... at 2½ to 15c yard
Big assortment.
Scrivans' Patent Seam Drawers, all sizes.....59c.
Men's and Boys' 75c Straw Hats.....50c

Many New Novelties, just received in our Millinery Department.

Bargains in Mattings.
250 Rolls to select from.

apr 29 tf

The National Bank of Wilmington,

Wilmington, N. C

JNO. S. ARMSTR

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1900.

ROBERTS PRAISES TROOPS

Drove the Boers Out of a Strong Position Near Houtnek—The Losses Were Not Very Heavy.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 3.—The War Office has received the following report from Lord Roberts, under date of Bloemfontein, May 2nd:

"General Hamilton met with considerable success and drove the enemy out of the strong position they had taken up at Houtnek with comparatively small loss to us. The Boers dispersed in several directions, mainly to the east and north, leaving twenty-six prisoners in our hands, including one commandant, and sixteen other wounded men. General Hamilton is now in camp at Jacobs Rust. As the men needed rest after fighting seven out of the last ten days, I ordered them to halt for the day. General Broadwood's brigade of cavalry arrived upon the scene in time to afford valuable assistance by threatening the enemy's rear.

"During the afternoon General Ian Hamilton was joined by General Bruce Hamilton's brigade of infantry.

"The enemy admit having 12 killed and 40 wounded yesterday. Amongst the former was Lieutenant Gunther, a German officer belonging to the Fifty-fifth regiment, and amongst the latter was Maximoff, the Russian commander of the Foreign Legion. Twenty-one out of 52 of the enemy's casualties occurred amongst the members of that legion. Two Frenchmen were among the killed.

"General Hamilton speaks in high terms of the good service performed by the Eighth hussars under Colonel Clowes, and made up into a regiment of Lancers which came into General Broadwood's brigade and assisted in making the Boers vacate their position.

The final stroke of the enemy's rout was given by the Gordons and two companies of the Shropshire light infantry, who cheered loudly when they got within two hundred yards of the position.

"Kitchener's horse is also spoken of in terms of praise."

HENRY M. FLAGLER

Asks the Courts to Relieve Him of the Guardianship of His Wife Now Confined in a Sanitarium.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Henry M. Flagler, a Standard Oil official, has asked the courts to relieve him as committee of the person of the estate of his wife, Ida A. Flagler, who was declared an incompetent several months ago.

The application was made to Justice Freeman in the Supreme Court today. As a result the justice has appointed Nathaniel Meyers as referee to hear the testimony and determine whether Mr. Flagler shall be released from the commission. Pending the referees report, Augustus H. Vanderpol has been appointed special guardian of Mrs. Flagler.

Mr. Flagler has also asked that Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, the insanity expert, be appointed in his place. Referee Meyers will also inquire into Dr. MacDonald's fitness for the commission.

Mr. Flagler states in his petition that he has administered the estate of his wife in a satisfactory manner and that the property belonging to her has increased in value under his administration.

Mrs. Flagler, according to the petition, was first confined to a sanitarium in Westchester county, in 1895. Subsequently she was removed to his then country residence in Westchester county. In 1896 she was taken to Dr. MacDonald's sanitarium at Pleasantville, where she had been ever since.

Mr. Flagler asserts that he has decided to make his permanent home in Florida and that he has no intention of returning to New York whatever. For this reason he asks to be released from the commission.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice May 2nd, 1900.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mamie and Florence Holt Bell, Zilpha Byrd, Ida J Childress, Vandalia Colvin, Gracie A Dayis, Jennie Day, Bettie Greene, Almeria Hamilton, Tempie Hudson, Alice James, Alice H James, Aggie McCrae, Flora Martin, Hellen Miller, Elizzie Mitchell, Mary F McAlister, Virgin Macklin, R Robxette, Elizabeth Smith, Emmence L Swife, Fannie Camperson, Ofors Weske.

MEN'S LIST.

J F Arnett, Chas Burges, E A Boone, E T Brice, T A Bagley, Joseph T Cares, C H Daniel, C C Daniels, D R Day, J Denny, Turner Dozzer, Edward Everett (2), Jos Fonville, R L Farlon, I J Fish, Eli Gurganious, G J Green, Mr Gesler, John Hathaway, John Hill, Sarah Hall, Sam J Jones, John Cornegy, W H Kelly, H C Love, Geo F Moor, J F Rundle, F M Roberts, Isaac Simmons, J E Stanley, Perry Settles (2), P H Speight, Alex Windley, G F Walters, J D Williams, L L Watson, Wm Walker, R Zetterberg.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Lizzie Hales, M D Hune, Lulie Samson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

MORE AMERICANS KILLED.

A Desperate Fight With Filipinos on the Island of Panay.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANILA, May 3.—A dispatch received here to-day from Iloilo reports that a desperate fight took place at Leambanao in the center of the island of Panay. It appears that a reconnoitering party of the Twenty-sixth infantry was surrounded and that four of the Americans were killed and sixteen others severely wounded were left on the field. The remainder of the soldiers had a narrow escape.

The dispatch adds that reinforcements were sent from Iloilo as soon as news of the affair was received, whereupon the Filipinos retreated to their mountain stronghold.

A Powder Mill Explosion

Removes everything in sight; so do rastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. Don't dynamite the delicate machinery of your body with calomel, croton oil or aloes pills, when Dr. Kng's New Life Pills, which are gentle as a summer breeze, do the work perfectly. Cures Headache, Constipation. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

SENATE TAKES UP THE CLARK CASE.

Spirited Controversy Over the Matter Between Senators Chandler and Stewart.

CONSIDERATION POSTPONED.

Army Appropriation Bill Passed—Affairs in the Philippines Discussed—Private Pension Bills—Resolution Concerning Civil Service.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Senate to day adopted the motion of Mr. Hoar to take up the resolution of the Committee on Elections declaring that Mr. Clark, of Montana, was not duly elected to the Senate and then postponed consideration of the question for a week. The greater part of the day was occupied in the consideration of the Army Appropriation bill. The discussion was at times very spirited. The bill was passed without division. The day closed with the passage of a number of private pension bills, among them being bills granting a pension of $100 per month to Mrs. Julia McV. Henry, widow of the late General Guy V. Henry; $50 a month each to General James Longstreet, Mrs. Margaret Badger, widow of the late Commodore Badger, and to Mrs. Harriet Gridley, widow of the late Captain Gridley, of the navy.

A bill restoring Captain Henry D. Hale to the revenue cutter service was passed.

A resolution requesting the Civil Service Commission to supply the Senate with information concerning the violation of the civil service law in 1899 was adopted.

The Senate then agreed to a motion by Speaker Hoar to take up the Clark resolution and postponed further consideration for a week.

Before this agreement was reached there was a spirited controversy over some remarks made by Senator Chandler yesterday.

Senator Bacon took exception to the fact that Senator Chandler had said he had heard it stated that there was a purpose to delay the consideration of the resolution in order to prevent the Governor of Montana making an appointment of a Senator to succeed Mr. Clark in case the seat now occupied by him should be declared vacant. The fact, Senator Bacon said, that Senator Chandler had stated that he had heard this talk outside of the Senate chamber did not relieve it from its objectionable character, for he could see no motive for the statement of the Senator from New Hampshire unless some implication of Senators was intended. As for himself he could not say what his own action would be on the Clark resolution. He regarded himself as a judge sitting in that case and he would, he added, claim the right to investigate it thoroughly before entering judgment.

Senator Chandler said that his remarks regarding a desire to delay the consideration of the resolution had not been called out by anything that Senator Bacon had said, but that he had especial reference to Senator Stewart's threat "to read in the Senate, if not given time to read out of it, the testimony taken by the committee."

"Threatened?" said Mr. Stewart, who had risen. "Threatened to do what?"

"Threatened," Senator Chandler replied, "that if any attempt was made to rush the Clark resolution three volumes of testimony would be read for the purpose of delay."

Senator Stewart said he had made no such statement as a threat, but he would repeat, that if time was not given to read the testimony outside of the Senate chamber, time would be taken to read it to the chamber. The case should be considered deliberately and decently, and especially in view of the fact that much of the testimony was irrelevant.

"I don't propose to be lectured," Senator Stewart continued. "I don't like it, and I particularly don't like it from the man who has gathered up all sorts of hearsay matter and printed it as testimony."

"When the Senator attacks me or the committee over which I preside," retorted Senator Chandler, "he will get a lecture from me."

To this Senator Stewart replied: "Well, you'll get a lecture from me on the irrelevant scandal you've put into the testimony presented here."

This closed the incident.

The Senate then passed the House bill for the amendment of the census law. The bill was amended so as to provide for $250 additional compensation to census supervisors.

The Army Appropriation bill being taken up, Senator Pettigrew continued his criticism of the treatment of the volunteer soldiers in the Philippines. He read a number of letters from members of South Dakota regiments, complaining of their treatment there.

Some of these contained profane expressions which fact caused Senator Gallinger to enter a protest against their being printed in the *Record*. Such language should, he said, be obnoxious to any man occupying a seat in the Senate.

To this Senator Pettigrew replied that the letters were from men conscripted to fight in a cause in which they did not believe and placed in circumstances which were generally objectionable, all calculated to make men swear.

Senator Tillman and Senator Pettigrew had a discussion as to affairs in the Philippines.

Senator Pettigrew contended that no mere fragment of a mere tribe was opposed to the United States in the Philippines, but that the entire population was antagonistic. He estimated that a standing army of 100,000 men would be necessary there. He did not think that General Otis' assurances could be relied upon in view of the long list of casualties sent to Washington every day.

Senator Teller advocated the amendments for travel pay, saying that we could only maintain an army in the Philippines by pursuing a liberal policy.

Senator Teller said he had been assured by an army officer who had but recently returned from the Philippines that we did not actually hold a district in the island of Luzon bigger than the District of Columbia. This was no more territory than was held a year ago. It was, therefore, puerile to say that the money due the troops should be withheld for mere motives of economy.

Replying to Senator Pettigrew's charge as to the prevalance of insanity and suicides among the soldiers in the Philippines, Senator Hawley read a statement from the surgeon general saying that the insanity had not been above the average.

Senator Hawley's point of order against the Turner amendment for the allowance of travel pay made yesterday was sustained.

The bill was passed as amended without division.

The Senate then took up the pension calendar.

An hour was devoted to consideration of pension bills, 137 being passed. At 5:25 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House to day, without division, passed the "Free Home" bill, which has been pending before Congress for a number of years. The bill provides that the government shall issue patents to actual bona fide settlers on agricultural lands of Indian reservations opened to settlement. These lands were taken up by settlers who contracted to pay from $1.25 to $3.75 per acre. By the terms of the bill the government assumes the payment of the purchase price to the Indians and changes the existing law relative to agricultural colleges so as to insure the payment of the endowments which heretofore have come out of the sale of public lands in case of deficiency. These payments involve $1,200,000 annually. Of the 29,000,000 acres in Indian reservations opened to settlement, for which the government is to pay or has paid $35,000,000, about 8,000,000 acres have been taken and about 2,000,000 are supposed to be still available for agricultural purposes.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was then taken up, after a long discussion, during which Mr. DeArmond, Missouri, and Mr. Livingston, Georgia, clashed sharply, general debate being limited to thirty minutes.

Mr. Kitchin, North Carolina, consumed practically all this time in a discussion of the North Carolina election law, in reply to some recent remarks of Mr. Linney, North Carolina.

After disposing of twenty-five pages of the bill the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

M. E. GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The Bishops' Quadriennial Address—Church Development—Liquor Question—Marriage and Divorce.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The feature today at the Methodist General Conference was the reading of the Bishops' quadriennial address by Bishop E. G. Andrews. The address was prepared at a recent meeting of the Board of Bishops in Indianapolis. It showed that during the past hundred years, the Methodist Episcopal Church had developed ninety seven fold.

The Bishop's address stated that the Church will not abandon its proposition on the liquor question. On the contrary, "aroused and indignant at the aggressions of the liquor power, at the inexcusable miscarriage of the anti-canteen law, and at the new perils in which the nation is involving its new possessions, it will summon and pledge all our ministers and people to a more determined struggle against this enormous evil.."

As to marriage and divorce, the address continues: "In the presence of this evil the Church cannot allow its rules on the subject of divorce and remarriage to be in any case inoperative and void. Let, if need be, the Church law be amended to more perfectly express the New Testament rule of marriage. But by the voice of its public assemblies, by its pulpits, and by the judicious exercise of discipline, the Church should keep itself pure, and aid the civil law and the practices of society to become pure.

"Closely associated with these evils is the popular passion for unwholesome, coarse and debauching amusements. Whoever watches the daily press cannot miss the evidence of the shameful degradation in the theatre, concert and dance hall, and on the race course. And tendency to great excess also in other comparatively innocent forms of amusement cannot escape attention. The seriousness of life seems largely forgotten, its opportunities of usefulness unoccupied, the vigilance necessary for righteousness relaxed, and the love of the passing world gaining in masterfulness. It is not to be wondered at that every earnest age has tended to reprobate all amusement as incompatible with the Christian life. Experience has shown that it is impossible to impose on thoughtful Christians a law which many a saintly soul, of thoughtful choice, imposes on itself."

The address recommends either the abolition of the time limit on pastorates or a return to the old three-year limit rule.

THE RAILROADS.

Seaboard Air Line System's Through Train Service to Tampa, Fla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., May 3.—The Florida Central and Peninsular system has to-day given formal notice to the Southern Railway that on and after May 10th it will discontinue the use of the tracks, bridge and terminals of the latter company at and near Columbia, S. C., which the Florida Central and Peninsular Railroad have been using pending the completion of the new connecting link of ninety miles and the bridge across the Congaree river at Columbia, which will link together the F. C. and P. system and the S. A. L. system and that on and after May 10th the S. A. L. and the F. C. & P. system will operate their own trains over their own tracks all the way from Petersburg, Va., to Jacksonville and Tampa. Track laying on the line between Richmond and Petersburg has also been finished and very soon after May 10th the new Seaboard Air Line Railway will institute its through train service between New York and Tampa, using its own tracks all the way from Richmond to the extreme southern portion of Florida.

COLOMBIA'S REVOLUTION.

Insurgents Getting the Best of the Fight Colon Under Martial Law.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JA., May 3. — News brought here to day by the British steamer Floridian, from Colombia, is to the effect that the rebels are getting the best of the fight in that republic, and that they are momentarily expected to enter Bocas del Toro. It is added that no soldiers being available the government has sent twenty-five policemen to Bocas del Toro on board a launch belonging to the canal company. The situation is considered serious. Colon is under martial law and the crews of the ships in port have been warned not to go ashore after dark.

When the Floridian left Colon, April 30th, nothing was known there about the reported capture of Carthagena by the rebels.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnicia Salve, cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BRITISH MAKE SLOW PROGRESS.

Fifty Thousand Men Operating Against the Boers North of Thaba N'Chu.

ON A FRONT OF FORTY MILES.

General Roberts Finds the Boers in Force at All Points—Many Small Engagements But Nothing Decisive. Boers Hold Thaba N'Chu.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LONDON, May 4, 4.15 A. M.—Gen. Broadwood's cavalry brigade has reached Isabelfontein, 28 miles north of Thaba N'Chu. General Ian Hamilton is bivouacking at Jacob Rust, 15 miles north of Thaba N'Chu. General Tucker's division is moving eastward from Kaar siding. The divisions of General French and General Rundle are near Thaba N'Chu. Thus, Lord Roberts has 50,000 men operating clear of the railway along a front of forty miles. He is advancing slowly with some success, but nothing decisive. Yet, at all points of concentrrtion the Boers appear in force sufficient to compel the British to proceed with caution. Their wide front in a rugged country makes turning movements off-hand difficult.

The Boers, Mr. Winston Churchill says, have enormous herds of cattle and flocks of sheep gathered in the southeast. These they are driving northward.

Observers at headquarters in Bloemfontein seem to think that the Boers are preparing to evacuate Brandford and Ladybrand. The Boers still holding Thaba N'Chu district remain at 4,000. They have among their guns a 40 pounder. One correspondent, wiring from Bloemfontein, Wednesday, at 11.55 P. M., said the British hoped to cut off the whole commando.

The correspondents at Kimberley have been forbidden to communicate for several days, the deduction being that a forward movement is underway there.

The Boers in Natal are restless. Two hundred crossed Sunday's river Wednesday and tried to engage the British outposts.

The Colonial cavalry were engaged, and they lost twenty horses while under fire, from pom-poms. The Boers were, however, driven from their position.

The *Daily News* has the following from Thaba N'Chu, dated Wednesday:

"In yesterday's flanking movement, Captain Towse and fifty Gordon Highlanders were surrounded by 250 Boers, who demanded their surrender. Capt. Towse ordered his men to fix bayonets and charge. With a wild cheer the Gordons rushed at the enemy and swept them away with great slaughter. Capt. Towse was blinded in both eyes by the enemy's fire and throughout behaved heroically.

British Still Held in Check.

LONDON, May 4.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the *Standard*, telegraphing May 2d, says:

"I have just ridden hither from Thaba N'Chu, along the line of our advance east of Bloemfontein. The distance is fully forty miles, and yet almost every point of concentration is contested by the enemy.

"General Rundle, with the Eighth division, is posted on our right flank, with orders to guard a strong and boldly outlined frontal position in a country of a decidedly difficult nature. There the Boers have posted a number of guns of superior weight and range to our own. However, they show no disposition to do more than to keep in touch with us and to harrass our advance.

Further to the west General Hamilton, with his division of mounted infantry, is pressing northward, encountering only a desoultory fire. The Highland brigade, from Valkrantz, has beeen engaged, while General Tucker, commanding the Seventh division, has moved eastward from Karee siding and has retuened south, followed by the Boers.

Nevertheless the cavalry, owing to the greater numbers of the enemy, have been prevented from completing the movement that was intended to encircle the Boers on the march to Brandfort; and the enemy are now prepared to offer a stubborn opposition on an entrenched hill to the southeast of Kroonstad.

AMERICAN SHIP SEA WITCH.

Boarded by the British Warship Wasp in Portuguese Waters—Alleged Abuse of International Rights.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 3, 6.09 P. M.—It has been learned by a representative of the Associated Press that United States Ambassador Choate has asked Lord Salisbury for explanations as to the alleged abuse of international right in the case of the American ship Sea Witch, which, according to the statement of her commander, Capt. Howe, was boarded by the British warship Wasp within the three-mile limit of Portuguese territory in East Africa.

[The American ship Sea Witch left Walloroo December 3d and arrived at Delagoa Bay February 13th. She sailed March 4th for Port Natal (Durban) and arrived there March 9th.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—The American ambassador's communication to the premier hardly amounts to a protest and serious consequences are not likely to ensue. The case, as transmitted by Secretary Hay to London, consists of the captain's allegation that while the Sea Witch was off Delagoa Bay he signalled to the Wasp, which was patrolling, and the Wasp sent a boat to her. The captain of the Sea Witch complains that the visit resembled a warlike boarding party and that his manifest was examined against his will when palpably within neutral waters. If the latter statement is true a serious offence has been committed by the Wasp, which will call for an ample apology from Great Britain. But it is pointed out that the fact that the Sea Witch signalled the Wasp before the Wasp noticed her, invests the case with a curious uncertainty. Apparently both Mr. Choate and Lord Salisbury are inclined to believe that there is some mistake perhaps on both sides. The premier has referred the matter to the admiralty, which has no record of the occurrence, but has cabled to South Africa for the Wasp's version of the affair, and it is possible that some time may elapse before the British reply is ready.

Meantime the incident does not interfere in the slightest with the diplomatic cordiality existing between the representatives of the two nations interested.

The New York *World* says twenty-five thousand men employed by the Standard Oil Company, all over the country, have had their wages raised 10 per cent. Mutterings of a possible labor storm gathering brought about the increase.

FIGHTING NEAR THABA N'CHU

Boar Accounts—Several Minor Engagements in Which the British Were Forced to Retire.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, Wednesday, May 2.—An official war bulletin here, reports that on April 28, the Federals captured nine prisoners and ten horses eastward of Thaba N'Chu and that on April 30th a British mounted corps appeared near Brandfort. The Federals attacked them on two sides and the British retired. Two Federals were wounded, and eleven prisoners were taken.

Another account, semi-official, of this affair, says that the Wakkerstrom and Ermela commands had a skirmish with the British near Brandfort.

After a sharp fight eleven prisoners were taken and nineteen British were left dead on the field, including Capt. Liddy. A few Federals were wounded.

The heavy bombardment by the British has been resumed at Fourteen Streams.

An Affair Near Brandfort.

The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Agency in the Boer camp at Brandfort writes that when the British appeared ten miles east of Brandfort Gen DeLarey ordered a charge by five hundred Boers, who drove them back to their entrenchments.

The Federals found four dead on the field and took seventeen prisoners, mostly wounded, including Lieutenant Crane.

Later in the afternoon General DeLarey learned that the British had forced their way twenty miles east of Brandfort and seven miles north of the Modder river. With 250 men De Larey set out in pursuit of the British who numbered 1200. The forces met in the open country, a sharp engagement followed and the British retired. As the Boers had a heavy day they were not pursued.

The Federals had five men wounded.

American Arrested.

The *Standard and Diggers' News* says that Thomas Richards, an American, has been arrested as a suspect in connection with the Begbie factory explosion at Johannesburg. He was arraigned yesterday charged with murder and remanded until to-day. The accused man, it was added, was not defended. The paper also says an excavation has been made where the explosion was most violent and that a trace of a tunnel was found. Other excavations will be made.

POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATIONS

The Bill As It Will Be Reported to the Senate—Net Increase About a Million Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Post roads to day completed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill and Chairman Wolcott will report it to-morrow. The net increase in the bill is about $1,000,000, which includes the restoration of the provision for the pneumatic tube service first reported by the House committee. It provides $225,000 for continuing the present contracts and adds $500,000 for extension of the service to other cities in addition to those where it has not been in use. The following amendment has been made to the provision relating to letter carriers:

"Provided, that letter carriers may be required to work as nearly as practicable only eight hours on each working day, but not in any event exceeding 48 hours during the six working days of each week; and such number of hours on Sunday, not exceeding eight, as may be required by the needs of the service; and if a legal holiday shall occur on any working day the service performed on said day, if less than eight hours, shall be counted as eight hours without regard to the time actually employed."

GOEBEL ASSASSINATION.

Testimony of W. H. Culton at the Investigation in Frankfort.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY., May 3.—W. H. Culton resumed his testimony in the Goebel murder trial to-day. He stated that Governor Taylor authorized the witness to give Youtsey any amount of money desired if he would leave Kentucky. At a conference in Lexington, the Sunday before Governor Goebel was shot, it was decided, he said, that Representative Henry Berry, who had been unseated a few days before, should go to the House of Representatives next morning and take his seat and refuse to give it up. Van Meter, his opponent, was to be in some way prevented from going to the hall that morning.

Caleb Powers, who was at the conference, telephoned to Governor Taylor at Frankfort two or three times in regard to the conference.

Culton said he did not know where Powers or Youtsey were when the shot that killed Goebel was fired During the last talk he had with Youtsey the latter said the plan to kill Goebel had been abandoned. Culton had been asked by Taylor to ascertain what the witness in the contest knew, because he was a lawyer. To the prosecution Culton said he had told more on the stand than he had to any person except his father. His testimony then ended.

FLORIDA TRAGEDY.

Three Men Shot By An Insane Man—One Killed and the Others Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MORRISTON, FLA., May 3.—Julien Robinson, an old citizen of Militchtown, went suddenly insane this morning and shot and killed Arthur Lee and dangerously wounded Dr. S. H. Blitch and his nephew, George Walls. Dr. Blitch is well known and has several times represented this district in the Senate. Robinson has been arrested and is now in jail.

N. C. PINE ASSOCIATION.

Output of Mills to Be Reduced—Prices Will Be Maintained.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., April 3.—The North Carolina Pine Association, which controls the lumber mills of Southeastern, Va., and Eastern North Carolina, met here to day with a large attendance. The output will be reduced 33⅓ per cent. for thirty days by running the mills two days less in the week. Prices will be maintained. The market is said to be brisk.

FOR HIGHER WAGES.

Strike of Weavers in the Elmira Cotton Mills at Burlington, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BURLINGTON, N. C., May 3.—The weavers in the Elmira Cotton Mills went out on strike for higher wages this morning at 10 o'clock. They demand an increase of five cents on the cut. It is not known whether they will be granted the increase or not.

TURKEY AND THE POWERS.

Ambassadors Reply to the Note of the Porte—American Claims Not Affected by Any Agreement.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 2.—The ambassadors met yesterday and decided to reply to the Porte's note of April 29th regarding the increase of duties, as follows: "The embassies note the Porte's declaration that it does not intend to introduce any unilateral measures and will hasten to inform their governments of this." The ambassadors have decided to make their consent to an increase conditional on the removal of the abuses in the matter of chemical analysis, the suppression of warehouse duties and the abolition of the stipulation whereby articles not specified in the tariffs may be interdicted, confiscated or destroyed. The ambassadors have decided to make the payment of indemnities to foreigners a separate question, and to deal therewith at a later date."

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The press accounts of the conclusions of the ambassadors at Constantinople are said to be substantially in the line of their demands at the beginning. The main object of our government was to ensure the protection of the United States exporters against any changes in the Turkish tariff that would amount to discrimination, though the fact might not appear in the irade. Therefore, the assurance that the Porte will not resort to unilateral measures is acceptable. Respecting the decision of the ambassadors to make the payments to foreigners on account of indemnity claims a separate question for after consideration, it is said here, that our claims, and particularly the missionary claim, are not to be affected by any such agreement, and they are not involved in the present issues before the ambassadors.

NEGROES THREATEN TROUBLE.

Armed Men Patrolling the Town of Burlington, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BURLINGTON, N. C., May 3.—Armed men are to-night patrolling the town of Burlington in apprehension of trouble threatened by negroes in retaliation for the work of a mob that handled one of their number roughly early this week. There has been much excitement since yesterday, when negroes made threats of wreaking vengeance in other ways, and all last night fifty citizens remained up to guard the town. No attempt, however, has been made to carry out the threats, and while armed men will be on duty all to-night it is not probable that the negroes will make serious trouble.

RISING IN BULGARIA.

Troops Disarmed by Peasants Who Are Marching on Rustchuk.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SOFIA, BULGARIA, May 3.—The rising of the peasants in the vicinity of Rustchuk is assuming alarming proportions. The peasants have succeeded in disarming some troops and have used rifles against others. Two officers and fifteen men have been killed or wounded. A similar number of peasants fell. About 3,000 peasants are now marching on Rustchuk against two battalions of troops sent to defend the town.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED

At Franklin, Southampton Co., Va.—Safe Dynamited—Robbers Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., May 3.—The postoffice at Franklin, Southampton county, was robbed last night and government property between two and three hundred dollars, all the stamps and registered mail were taken. The safe was blown open with dynamite and the work was evidently done by experts. The postmaster lost a considerable sum of private funds which were kept in the postoffice safe. The robbers escaped.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Result of Base Ball Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Boston—Boston-Philadelphia game postponed on account of rain.
Pittsburg—St. Louis, 9; Pittsburg, 2.
Chicago—Cincinnati 11; Chicago, 4.
Cleveland—No game here on account of cold.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Buffalo-Indianapolis game postponed on account of cold weather.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

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We Sell Your Produce—Spirits, Rosin, Cotton, Tar, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Chickens, Eggs, Fruits—and do our best to please you in the prices, for we are sure to please you in the price of your Groceries. Ship and order. T. D. Love, North Water street. apr 28 tf

Dressmaker and Costumer—I wish to announce to the ladies of Wilmington that I am prepared to do all kinds of work—Dressmaking, Bleaching and Dyeing Hats; also, Coloring silks, woollen and cotton fabrics in fast colors. Respectfully, Mrs. J. W. Booker, 815 Grace street, between Eighth and Ninth. apr 25 1w

Up to Date Piano Tuning—Having secured the services of Professor Chester W. Lake, a first class A No. 1 Piano Tuner, lately of Philadelphia, we are now prepared to give prompt and careful attention to all tuning orders and piano and organ repair work. Send in your orders. Ludden & Bates, 100 Market street. Bell 'Phone 599. Everything in Music apr 25 tf

For Sale—Road Carts, Buggies and Carts, Second-hand Tires in good condition furnished in place of old ones at nominal figures. New Carts made in all sizes. I solicit all kinds of Iron and Wood Work. Try our prices before having Repair Work done elsewhere. Marshall's Iron and Wood Work Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets. Inter-State 'Phone 127 call 4. apr 24 tf

Money to Loan in sums to suit. First mortgage on city real estate. Apply to H. McClammy, Attorney at Law. apr 19 tf

Electric Lights. Call Bells, Burglar Alarms—all kinds of electric work done in most approved manner by Atlantic Electric Co., 105 Princess street. Electric Dealers and Contractors. Incandescent Lamps in stock. mar 15 tf

Clover Hay, Peanut Vines, Timothy Hay Rice Straw and all kinds of feed for horses, cows and chickens. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 93. fe 10 tf

Be Convinced—To my country friends: I am now better prepared than ever to handle your Produce, etc. Mr. R. B. Moore is with me, and will give his personal attention to this department of the business. A. S. Winstead, 113 and 115 North Second street. fe 10 tf

Please Call—We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Tinware, etc. John J. Kelly, 21 Market street. ja 16 6m

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

Toms and Jerry. Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 29 Market street. oct 3 tf

For Sale—A beautiful Home or Summer Residence; large Dwelling; handsome grounds adorned with stately oaks and evergreens; good grass lots; excellent neighborhood. Will sell at a sacrifice. Address Mrs. J. H. Jones, Hillsboro, N. C. apr 10 2w

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It is not an unusual thing to hear a customer remark,
"If you can't find it at Polvogt's, You can't find it in the city."
We always keep our Stock complete. Buy all the new Novelties as they come out. Ladies' White Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists. Ladies' Lisle Thread Hose, black and tan, 25c. Ladies' Ribbed Underwear 10c to 50c.
Muslin Underwear. Four very Special Lots.
A great opportunity for frugal women to replenish their wardrobes with Undermuslin is presented this week. We snapped up a few lots of high grade Underwear in New York last week, and offer them this week at one-half less than regular prices. The collection is divided into four lots:
Ladies' Gowns.
Ladies' Corset Covers.
Ladies' Skirts.
Ladies' Drawers.
We carry the most complete stock of Carpets, Mattings and Oil Cloths in the State See us before buying.
THE C. W. POLVOGT CO. Use Standerd Patterns. Wear W. B. corsets
apr 29 tf

A Tip Is Very Valuable

When you are selecting a Suit or Pair Trousers. We give all customers one when they are buying. Our line of English, Scotch, French and Domestic Suitings and Trouserings are from the best manufactories and are handsome.
Leave your order for that Summer Suit
and we will have it on time.
A Swell line of Neckwear by Express this week. Drop in and look it over.
M. H. CURRAN, 107 PRINCESS STREET.
apr 22 tf

BARGAINS IN SHOES WORTH YOUR ATTENTION.
We have a big lot of Ladies' Fine Shoes that sold for $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50, all small sizes, from 1½, 1's, 2's, 3's to 3½, last C D E. We will sell any of them at $1. These Shoes are extra quality, and worth twice the money we charge for them.
Also, we have regular stock of Ladies' Shoes from 99c to $3.00. Men's Shoes from $1.00 up. We carry a special line of Gent's Fine Shoes from $3.00 to $5.00, made by Williams, Kneeland & Co., at South Braintree, Mass. Only sold at Gaylord's Branch Store, Fourth and Campbell streets. Others would run, they can't. We will because we have 'em. Styles, Vici, Tan and Black, latest toe, at $3.00 and $3.50. Glazed Kangaroo, all toes, Black only, at $3.75 and $4.00. Patent Leather, $3.50 and $4.00. Look in our Shoe window and see up to date styles. Also, see what good Shoes are made of.
We have also Bargains in Lawns, Dimities, Percales, Piques, Organdies and Millinery.
Gent's Silk Bosom Shirts at 50 and 75c. Percale Shirts, with two collars and cuffs, at 35, 45, 50 and 75c. Collars, Cuffs and Neckwear.
Trade at the only one price cash Dry Goods house in the city.
C. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,
J. R. BOYD, Manager. Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets. Bell 'Phone 557.
Open every night until 9 o'clock. apr 23 tf

Just received a large assortment of
Ladies' Shirt Waists
In white and colored. Also, Ladies' Black Lisle Thread Hose,
AT 25c,
In plain or drop stitches.
J. WEIL, 116 MARKET STREET.
apr 22 tf

COVERT CLOTH
ONLY 10c A YARD.
ALL COLORS. ALL STYLES.
S. & B. Solomon.
apr 29 tf

FOR RENT OR LEASE.....
Store now occupied by Munson & Co.
Possession given October 1st.
APPLY TO
GEORGE R. FRENCH & SONS.
my 3 tf

"Eye Donts."
Don't "fool" with your eyes if they bother you in any way come in and we'll tell you what the trouble is.
Don't select your own glasses at the outset, but go to one who has made a study of the eye and its conditions.
Don't think you need glasses because some friend has told you so. If your eyes have gotten so bad that you are telling friends about them they may need the IMMEDIATE attention of a competent Optician.
DINGELHOEF BROS., Scientific Opticians, Parlor No. 123 Market Street.
apr 29 tf

Statement of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.
At close of business, April 26th, 1900, condensed from Report to Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$651,641.60	Capital	$ 25,000.00
Real Estate	3,000.00	Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	25,946.13
Furniture and Fixtures	100.00	Deposits	671,477.38
Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes	100.00		
Cash on hand and due from city banks	37,976.51		
Due from other banks	10,105.40		
	$729,023.51		$729,023.51

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.
J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. my 2 tf